INS MILITARISTS AT

Hugh Frayne Pushes

Betrayal

Editor's Note.—Following the above action of the New York Central Council, the New York joint board of the Parriers, in conference the international officers of the American

with the international officers of the union and William Green, American Federation of labor president, have come to an arrogement that provides

By SYLVAN A. POLLACK.

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, April 20.-Less than

olf an hour after the Central Trades

nd Labor Council had accepted the

recommendations of its executive board, which included support to the

ntroduced by John Mulholland, presi-

dent of the Federation Bank, which referred the question of supporting the striking furriers back to the next

Attacks Left Wing.

of the so-called agreement which In-

ternational President Oscar Schachtman of the Furriers' Union, and the

fur bosses are trying to jam down the throats of the workers over the head

Furriers' Union, which is conducting

Answered.

the left wing and Ben Gold, the leader

Frayne stated that three weeks ago

and they have since been holding con-ferences at the Hotel Cadillac. Also

that for the last two weeks he has been in close touch with the Fur Man-

ufacturers' Association and secured eight "concessions" from them, which

ne wanted to put before the member

ship of the Furriers' Union, but at the Carnegie Hall meeting, which he

helped to arrange for that purpose, he

"If the workers had given authority

Rosen said that it is difficult for

was unable to speak.

was approached by Schachtman

the strike.

of the strike.

riers' strike committee

Ir Strikers Thwart Maneuver of

SWEET TRIAL

Klan Seeks to Convict shall lead their strike. Their faith and confidence in the New York join Negro Defendant

1925, opened yesterday in recorders' court with Frank Murphy as judge. Henry Sweet is the first of the eleven Negroes charged with conspir-

They called a meeting in Carnegie Hall without consulting the strill committee. This meeting was part of a campaign the aim of which was to strike committee on this occasion. It explains itself. Needless to say, the furriers flocked to Carnegle Hall in answer to this call. There they demand ed to hear Ben Gold of the joint board who had been refused admission an

THE disruptive maneuvers of international officers of the Furriers' Union

striking furriers in New York have given their unequivocal answer to who

board of their union and their general strike committee is stronger than ever

After the hardest battle had been fought, when the time for settlemen had come, Shachtman and Sorkin, acting for the international union stepper

belatedly into the arena and sought to usurp leadership of the strike while

at the same time they were secretly carrying on negotiations with the fu

led by Pres. Shachtman and Vice-Pres. Sorkin have been defeated. 12,000

Re-actionaries Against Left-Wing

lence of the strikers in their New York leaders, Gold and

trations ended in the complete defeat of the internationa administration. On Sunday, William Green, the president of the American Federation of Labor held a conference with both the international officers and the New York joint board. The voice of the membership had been heard. At this conference it was decided that the strike leadership shall remain in the hands of the joint board and that no strike settlement shall be made pation of the general strike committee. The strike will without the participation of the general strike committee. The strike will not be settled until a referendum vote of the strikers has confirmed the agree

The call issued by the strike committee that the membership railied to ad that completely upset the nefarious plans of Shachtman, Sorkin and Co.

COMRADES Brothers and Sisters: At last the expectations of many of us have materialized. It is now nearly nine weeks that we are engaged in a fight for the most important and vital demands. We are

engaged in a fight that has been forced upon us. We took up the chalenge of the fur manufacturers and we enge of the fur manufacturers and we have been conducting a general strike which arouses the admiration of the attire labor world. We are opposed by enemies from within and without. But no attempt from whatever camp, has succeeded in breaking our organ ized ranks. Each hostile attempt has only strengthened our courage and

steeled our power.

It is due to the heroic struggle to the devotion and spirit of sacrifice of our members and to the confidence of the masses in the leadership of the strike that we have reached the moment when the fur manufacturers begin to feel that they have to talk begin to feel that they have to talk settlement. But just at this moment

(Continued on page 2.)

Furriers' Union supports the left wing is open to dispute. The biggest part of the membership of the union is in New York and they are supporting

the left wing leadership.
"The reason the Carnegle Hall meet ng was not held is because Gold, who s the leader of the strike was unable to speak, or even allowed to enter the hall." Rosen also pointed out that he has attended many strike meetings of

Support Schachtman.

John P. Coughlin, secretary of the Central Trades and Labor Council, then suggested that Schachtman should write a letter to the council and ask it to support him in his strugard whose 5,006 workers started Passalc whose 5,006 workers started neeting of the executive board for and ask it to support him in his strug-irther action. to which Frayne answered by saying, "I'll see him tomorrow, John, and

Frayne bitterly attacked the left wing which is conducting the strike and at the same time spoke in favor have him write it."

The meeting decided to write the of the New York joint board of the ce again be held at Fort Hamilton The meeting was closed by a lengthy age of strikers. New York sympathiz speech by Mathew Woll, on the aim ers and a double phalanx of uniform ed police, nervously twisting their He was ably answered by Delegate Morris Rosefi, of the Carpenters' Union, who defended the position of and purpose of the newly formed Union Life Insurance Co., of which he s the president.

Senate Asks Shipping Board to Reject Bids on Pacific Mail Line

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20 Rejection by the shipping board of the bids of Stanley Dollar, and others, for the American-Oriental mail lines was asked today in a resolution adopted by the senate. The board recently ac-cepted Dollar's offer.

The resolution, introduced by Sen. (R), of Oregon, asked that new bids be called for, or that the line be reassigned to "American citizens the control of what is called the rad- supported by commercial interests."

> A book of cartoons with every hundred points. Get the point!

BERTRAM WOLFE WILL SPEAK AT PHILADELPHIA FORUM ON SUNDAY NIGHT

PHILADELPHIA, April 20 - The forum which has been conducted by the Workers (Communist) Party this winter on every Sunday night at Grand Fraternity Hall, 1628 Arch St., with great success, comes to a close Sunday, April 25; when Ber-tram Wolfe, director of the Work-ers' School of New York, will speak "1776 thru Communist Eyes."

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE PLAYS THE ROLE OF A MODERN "DON QUIXOTE"

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20 A consent degree was entered in federal court in Richmond against 13 plumbing supply companies, the department of justice announced. The corporations are forbidden to join together to fix prices or restrain

interstate commerce.
Fourteen suits were filed. All but one of the companies, the Crane Co.
of Illinois, accepte the degree. It
was announced that the department
of justice would press anti-trust
charges against the Crane company.

POLICE TAKE

Jailing of Thomas a the Washington treaty, which limited dreadbaughts and capital ships generally. Stupid Farce

By ART SHIELDS, Federated Press

rrespondent, Arthur Warner of the Nation and others sat a few feet away at a strike hearing.

Bosses Direct Police.

As is the custom these days, Kellogic and sheriff's men. They are all getting their orders from the company. Hargreaves told us that the riot act was read after the company motified the mayor that it would hold the city responsible for damages they was no secret that the bosses he city responsible for damages they

uffered in the strike.

But there was no violence by the trikers to justify the call and the city ouncil of Garfield has repudiated the has attended many strike meetings of the has attended many strike meetings of the police in asking the sherthugh Frayne, general organizer of the furriers and found the membership supporting Gold to the fullest extend.

American Federation of Labor, was supported to the fullest extend. patrolling the town with sawed off shot guns as "thugs" of bad character and demanded their removal. They censured Mayor William Burke for go-

the big strike. Thomas Arrest Melodramatic.

The arrest of Norman Thomas, d The meeting decided to write the rector of the league for industrial de-eaders of the republican and demo-mocracy for defying the "riot act," cratic party in Albany, urging them to support various bills which the central Trades and Labor Council avors. It was also decided that this the council apple free on a lot leased for the council apple free on a lot leased for the council apple free on a lot leased for the ear's labor day celebration should apple tree, on a lot leased for the page again be held at Fort Hamilton. age of strikers. New York sympathized police, nervously twisting their (Continuer on page 1

KUOMINCHUN AT

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PEKING, April 20-Reports here are that the kuominchun is massing its forces at Nankow for an attempt to capture the capital. An armored train manned by the mercenary white Rus-slans has left the city.

A number of Manchurian regiments have joined in the movement. A heavy battle is possible, if the rumors are correct.

Chang Tso Lin has wired the committee of public safety and Tuan Ch Jui, the two groups which claim to re present political authority in the city demanding that diplomatic relation ships with the Soviet Union be broken by the recall of M. Karakhan, the So viet ambassador here, and of all So viet diplomatic agents in China.

Does This Mean Workers' Films? WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20 -Pres. Coolidge told movie magnate at the White House that he was op posed to federal censorship of motion pictures. Bills are pending in congress to create a censorship board.

INTO LEAGUE **CONSPIRACIES**

Kellogg States Position in N. Y. Speech

NEW YORK CITY, April 20.-The nited States government will have an official representative in attendance at the league of nations disarmament conference to be held in Gene-Switzerland, on May 20, Secretary of State Kellogg declared today in an address at an Associated Press lunch

on. The United States will press prinarily for further reduction of naval marily for further reduction of naval armaments, according to Secretary Kellogg. He expressed the fear that without a further reduction of naval armaments by international agreement the naval armament race might be continued in respect to cruisers and other naval craft not limited by the Washington treaty which limited.

Reduce and Pay.

by ART SHIELDS, Federated Press.

HACHENSACK, N. J.—"Call up the United States to induce the Eu-Forstmann & Hoffmann plant and get my orders."

So Officer No. 1 of the city of Garfield, strike town, loudly asked his headquarters over the telephone of Justice of the Peace Hargreaves in Hackensack while the Federated Press correspondent. Arthur Warner of the

world supremacy.

It is also viewed as a further step toward participation in the league of nations by the Wall Street at Washington.

(Continued on page 2) GET THE POINT!

DAILY WORKER **NOW UNDER WAY**

Big Cities Swing Into Intensive Drive

Monday morning's mail, bending the shoulders of our (?) government's mail carrier more than ever, brot first The DAILY WORKER

Subscriptions in double the normal day's receipts, many deserving of both prizes of the book of "Red Cartoons" nd the beautiful bust of Lenin were among them. The drive is on and in-dividuals deserving prizes hold first rotes for the trip to Moscow.

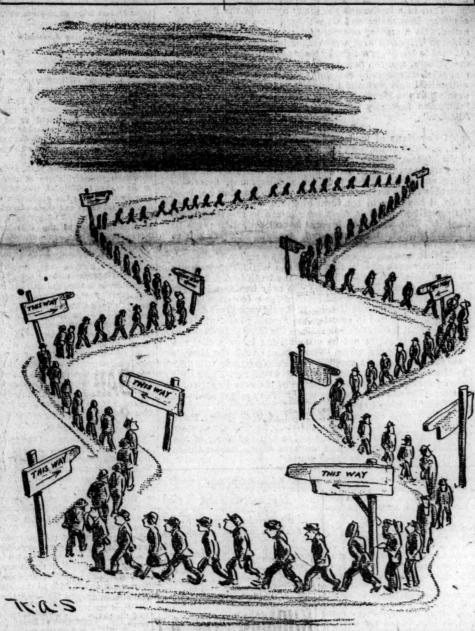
Builders' Tighten Organization. With first subscriptions, the first word of organization has also arrived.

L. E. Katterfeld, New York City
DAILY WORKER agent and Eastern presentative of The DAILY WORKsends a rush request for many arore sub blanks and much more of "The Book" to lighten the labor of the eleven hundred DAILY WORKER ilders in the New York Club. Boston, os Angeles and San Francisco ask or more tools to work with, more sub lanks and more copies of "The Book." Kansas City is holding a member-hip meeting to throw the local unit f the Workers (Communist) Party ack of the drive. Baltimore has elected a new agent and has cleaned decks or action. The Los Angeles Builders' Club now numbering sixty members has presented a program of action inuding co-operation of the Women's Educational Alliance in a picnic. Factory drives, giant distributions

f the May Day Special, social, visits trade unions and fraternal organi-tions are all a part of the huge achinery of the workers thruout the buntry that is set into motion for the rive sure to double the size of The DAILY WORKER.

The first day's mail is convincing roof that the number deserving of a rip to Moscow is going to be big enuf to form a delegation. Get in the swin on to Moscow-and win the prises as you work!

THE ARMY OF THE UNEMPLOYED



Looking for Work

MASS MEETING PROTESTS U.S.

Circulate Petitions **Among Workers**

Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK CITY, April 20.—The New York Council for the Protection of Foreign-Born Workers held a suc cessful mass meeting at Manhattar Lyceum

Petitions were distributed to those present to obtain signatures as part of the drive to obtain one million sig-natures to be presented to congress to show that the American working class is opposed to the anti-alien bills.

Bertram D. Wolfe of the Workers (Communist) Party pointed out the

the same situation in America as in Russia we will be satisfied. He pointed out that these bills would be used to help keep the workers in subjection. ion. Robert W. Dunn of the American

civil Liberties Union described the bills at great length. He reminded the assembled workers of the brutal "red raids" of 1920, when A. Mitchell Palmer, who was then at-torney general, deported over 4,000

Carlo Tresca, representing the Anti-Pascisti Alliaque of North America, addressed the meeting in Italian, and Rebecca Grecht, secretary of the New York Council for the Protection of oreign-Born Workers, acted as chair-FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, April 20 - Great Brit in, pound sterling, demand 4.85 13-16 able 4.86 3-16; France, franc, demand 3.30½, cable 3.31; Belgium, franc, demand 3.02½; cable 3.03; Italy, lira, demand 4.021%, cable 4.02%; Sweden. krone, demand 26.75, cable 26.78; Norway, krone, demand 21.83, cable 21.85; mature of the anti-allen bills.

Pascal P. Cosgrove, New York organizer of the Shoe Workers' Protective Union, stated that the laws to finger-print workers would bring about

DRY LAW, SAYS **'LABOR' EDITOR**

Testimony Shows Division of Sentiment

strating that organized labor is not to secure a conference with the manu-

other unions are in repealing it.

A bust of Lenin with each five hundred points. Get the point!

know the situation in the Furriers' Union nor the laws of that union.

"The statement of Frayne," said Rosen, "that only a minority of the

"Left Wing in Minority" "The strike," her continued, ical or left wing elements which is a minority of the union. Since the strike started they have been unable WASHINGTON. April 20-Demon-

the railroad labor organizations' weekly newspaper, Labor, testified beweekly newspaper, Labor, testified be-fore the senate committee on liquor workers back to work by Monday law modification, favoring enforce-ment of the dry law. Keating was facturers will meet him and not the formerly a congressman from Colorado, and belongs to the Typographical Union. His coming before the Rosen committee was accepted as an indica-tion that the rail brotherhoods are and Labor Council to judge the merits as interested in retaining prohibition or demerits of either side to the con-and getting it enforced as some of the troversy as most of them do not

CONFLICT ARISES IN PEKING OVER

Pro-Jap and Anglo-U.S. **Factions Quarrel**

PEKING, April 20.— A conflict of authority has arisen between Tuan Chi Jui, the former acting president, who came out into the open on the withdrawal of the Kuominchun and resumed his position, and the commit-tee of public safety, composed of a number of former premiers and high officials who took over the city admin-istration on the retirement of the nationalists. Tuan represents the Japanese Interests, while the committee is rather under the influence of Anglo-

American groups.

As a whole the situation is involved in obscurity and no one seems t know what is going to happen.

Anti-Kuominchun Manifesto.

TIENTSIN, April 19.—Despite the fact that Chang Tso Lin's son entered Peking at the head of columns of Manchurian cavalry upon the evacuation by the Kuominchun, the allied generals here have issued a manifest stating that no troops will enter the capital. The statement calls upon Chang Tso Lin and Wu Pei Fu to form a new central government. As these generals are in charge of the allied forces it is evident that the whole

nanifesto is a made-to-order affair.

The document is itself a remarkabl demonstration of the incapacity of the professional militarists to understand the basis of China's unrest. Instead of seeking out the deep-rooted eco nomic causes, it declares that the whole trouble is due to the unfair distribution of political offices.

Fulminate Against Soviets.

A large part of the declaration devoted to the need of destroying the "red menace," this portion reading like the anti-red fulminations of rabid open-shop business men of the United States. The manifesto admits that the Kuominchun armies are by no means destroyed, but constitute a standing danger to the militarists from their possession of a base of operations in the Kalgan mountains, northwest of the capital.

Shanghai Offer Unsatisfactory. SHANGHAI, April 19—While a few chinese firms indicate a willingness to accept the concessions offered by of the international co cession of three seats in the municipal council, as compared to the six held by the British, two by the Americans one by the Japanese, most of the native opinion is bitterly opposed on the ground that representation should be proportional... This would give the Chinese the overwhelming majority.

Canton Exposes Lies

(Special to The Daily Worker)
MOSCOW, U. S. S. R. (By Mail.)-The reactionary British press at Hong-kong and in London have spread sennal stories of disruption within

These reports have no real basis.

tween a general of the Canton army, Chang Kai Shi, and the Canton gov- of industrial realitons"-all of which ernment. These differences were not rned with matters of principle and had no connection with an armed struggle for power. The differences have since been abolished, and Canton remains the stronghold of the movement for the emancipation of the Chinese people.

The attempt of British imperialism to utilize the unimportant differences Canton in its own interests has Bulgarian Fascisti failed, just as all its previous attempts with other means to crush Canton have failed. The working class of Canton rejected energetically all efforts to alter its revolutionary policy.

with regard to Canton. The Isvestia to walk eight miles to get back to the station. the thought, and the British imperialts presented their real intentions as a fait accompli."

Stories of Bumper Crops Are the Bunk, Worker Points Out

BENTONVILLE, Arkansas, April 20 a great deal of misleading propa ganda is being put out concerning the strawherry crop in the Ozark plateau, of which Bentonville is the center. It is being claimed that the herry crop will be larger this year than ever be-fore. Three cents a quart is the pro-posed price to be paid for picking, and from one hundred to two hundred quarts is claimed to be an ordinary

day's work. Under these conditions the picker

could make from \$3 to \$6 a day.

As a matter of fact, it is problem As a matter of lact, it is problem-atical whether there will be any crop at all. That the crop will be of bumper proportions is impossible following the very backward growing weather pre-valling this spring. In exceptionally good berries, an expert can pick from sixty to eighty quarts a day. In the most favorable fields he may occasion ally get as much as a hundred quartes More than that is impossible at any time. Picking strawberries is awfully hard work that must be done while crawling along the ground on hand

PULLMAN 'PLAN' FOR PORTERS IS **COMPANY FRAUD**

'Grievances" Die of Inattention

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 20-In spite of the official statements of the Pullman Company that "all employes are permitted to become members of any organization that they desire," Frank Boyd, porter in good standing for 19 years, has been notified to stay off his

on January 13 and 14 at meetings of the newly organized Pullman Porters' Union, he spoke in favor of the union. On the 15th he was noti-fied not to take his regular run. He has not been employed now for three months, altho technically he is still an employe of the Pullman Company. Discharge Trick.

This is the method used by the ullman Company to dischage union men. When Boyd attempted to bring his case before the grievance commit-tee as provided in the fake "Employes" Representation Plan," the company of-ficials refused to issue form No. 9,151 ing euro.

Ing euro. upon which grievances are made out February 15, 1926, every employe has the right of "fair and impartial hearing at the earliest possible date as to the cause and justification of susension or dismissal, provided hearing is requested." Registered letters have been sent to Healey, the district superintendent, and to C. Ross, the chairman of the district porters' representatives. Still no answer has been gotten from them.

Provisions.
A few provisions of the plan will of British Imperialism
serve to illustrate how impossible it is
for porters to get justice thru it.
Rule 9, Section 3 provides: "Should an employe subject to this agreement believe he has been unjustly treated ... he may appeal to his district of-ficial (Healy)." He may appeal. This appeal may or may not be recognized. the nationalist government here in an as the superintendent pleases. In this case no notice has been taken of the propaganda.

Further: (d) "He may refer the matter to the local committee (C. ey are nothing but provocative Ross, chairman), such committee to Thomas spent a night in jail and meuvers of British imperialism. grant a prompt hearing." This was was released next day on \$10,000 bail. There has been no insurrection in Canton.

Canton.

The basis of the reports seems to be certain differences of opinion became of the matter to the zone central Nation, and held for the grand jury. imittee, and finally to the bureau has been done in the regular manner

in the present case. "Conference must be granted with-in ten days." Now Boyd has been thrown out of work for three months without explanation, waiting action on his case. This shows the bankruptcy of the plan as far as the porters are

Kidnap Agrarian Foes

SOFIA, April 20.—Bulgarian fascists took M. Tomoff and several other agrarian deputies from the Sofia-Vidir The Moscow press regards this provocative maneuvers of the British reactionsy press as an exposure of the real plans of British imperialism with regard to Carter Maneurer and the real plans of British imperialism the real plans of British imperialism to the real plans of British imperialism to the open country and they had

them, Deputy Nicolas Borisoff inte pellated the government on the inci dent and the minister of the interio promised to make an investigation.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., ATTENTION!

CO-OPERATIVE BAKERY Restaurant

Meat Market IN THE SERVICE OF THE CONSUMER.

Bakery deliveries made to your home.

FINNISH CO-OPERATIVE TRADING ASSOCIATION, Inc. (Workers organized as consumers)

Brooklyn, N. Y.

ANOTHER STEP INTO LEAGUE **CONSPIRACIES**

Kellogg States Position in N. Y. Speech

(Continued from page 1) be excellent in theory but which fall to take account of existing world conditions.

No Reduction in Land Force. Kellogg reiterated the administration stand that the United States land force "voluntarily reduced to the minimum" could take no part with Eu-ropean nations in reduction of armies. However, he benevolently promised that he would be glad to help other nations reduce their hand forces. "We would naturally welcome any steps which other nations might take to-ward limitation of land armament; we shall be glad if we can at any time exert a helpful influence in this di-

At Geneva each militarist group will try to outmaneuver the other in order to gain advantages, with the two great competing imperialist pow-ers, Britain and the United States, trying to align as many as possible in their respective camps, preparatory to the next world slaughter that is be-ing hatched out of the antagonisms that are so sharply drawn that to-day they can scarcely be concealed from any but the most blind paci-

Take Their Orders from Mill Owners

(Continued from Page 1)

with their shot guns.

Thomas talked of the birthday of Thomas talked of the birthday of Thomas Jefferson, who had fathered the free speech clauses of the consti-tution, but the police did not know what he was talking of. But when he mentioned Weisbord, strike leader and characterized the \$30,000 ball un-der which he was held as a "mockery of justice," Under Sheriff Donaldson's fat body jerked into life. His whistle tooted; Thomas was dragged from the ree and as the sheriff shouted "Clean 'em up, Boys," the gunmen and blue coats closed in. The crowd was broken up before Freda Kirchway, manag-ing editor of the Nation, who was to have been the next speaker, could

charge first given by the police. But Thomas was later booked in Har greaves office in Hackensack for "Un-lawful Assemblage, After the Reading of the Riqt Act." It was a star chamber hearing without counsel. His at orneys had been shunted off by the lie that Thomas would be taken to the Garfield police station. Reporters who went there were told to get out. Warner of the Nation was told to look elsewhere for the Constitution of New Jersey, when he asked for a copy of Jersey, when he asked for a copy of it. A New York Times man was bodily pitched out. Rev. Charles Clarence Webber of the New York Church of All Nations (Methodist was arrested outside the Hackensac jail as Thomas was being taken in, for remarking "They did not read the riot act." He was discharged by the

justice of the peace. The strike is unbroken,

MAE BROOKER IS DEAD

Mae Brooker, 19-year-old daughter of Comrade Harry Brooker, dled Sunday, April 18, at her home after a long liness of cancer of the stomach. Sh was the only child of Comrade Brooker, and the parents are prostrated. Many of their friends attended the ineral at the Waldheim cemetery.

Bishops Oppose Treaty Proposed with Turkey

NEW YORK, April 20-Bishop Wil am T. Manning of the New York hurch has, on behalf of the 109 ishops of that church, reiterated his position to the pending treaty with urkey. He states that what he terms s rejection.

is well-known that the Morgan nterests have been financing much of the opposition to the treaty and it is ed that they are behind the

Senator Wants to Find If Mergers Violated Law

(Special to The Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20 —
Tholesale investigation by the federal ade commission of recent gigantic olate the anti-trust laws was requestin a resolution introduced by Sen. ago won their strike.

ONLY 248 BEDS FOR **NEGRO WORKERS IN**

BALTIMORE, Md., April 20 -BALTIMORE, Md., April 20 — In the 47 hospitals, dispensaries, and hospital stations in this city, of which 23 can be strictly called hospitals, there are only 248 beds for Negro patients. In all of these hospitals there are only 47 maternity beds for Negro mothers. Many of the hospitals in the city declare that they only accept Negro patients in cases of emergency. Others refuse to accept them under any circumstances.

The following hospitals have no Hebrew, Kelly, Howard, Baltimore, Ear, Eye, Nose and Throat,
Homewood, Garret Robert Hospital
for Children, Hospital for Women of
Maryland, West End Maternity Hospital Empresses Hospital and Benpital Empresses Hospital and Ben-

pital, Emergency Hospital, and Ben hospital that is operated by and opens its doors to Negro physicians. This hospital has only 35 beds.

N. Y. Fur Strikers Thwart Maneuver of the Reactionaries

(Continued from Page 1)

there have again appeared those pe sons who more than once made mean attempt to thwart our efforts, to

mean attempt to thwart our enerts, to interfere with our strike.

Persons motivated by personal and political considerations have now come forward with a new scheme against our strike. Unfortunately those persons appear under the name of our own international. In the name of the International they have sent out a declaration to all members. In the name of the members. In the name of the International they call you today at 2 p. m. to a meeting in Carnegie Hall. They tell you that our strike committee has hitherto prevented the International from leading the strike. They declare that they can obtain a victorious settlement for our strike. They have sent out ballots to you and they sak you to authorize their going. they ask you to authorize their going

into conferences with the manufacturers and the taking over of the en tire leadership of the strike. tire leadership of the strike.

We believe it is not necessary to tell you that we did not interfere with the international in leading the strike. You all, Comrades, Furriers, know very well that President Shachtman is one of the main officers of our strike committee. He could be one of the main leaders of the strike. If he has withdrawn from this leaders. he has withdrawn from this leader-ship, if he did not want to bear the burden of the strike and if some vicepresidents have often'd sought every means of injuring the strike, it proves that they did only think of interfer-

ing with the strike and not of helping to lead it.

But this is not the main thing. The nost important is the following: If the International officers, who re-moved themselves from strike activities and strike leadership assert that they can obtain a favorable settlement for the fur workers, they must make clear to the strikers the following

First, who gave them the right to conduct negotiations and to speak in the name of the strikers? Why have hey not informed the strikers that hey are conducting secret negotia ame of the strikers?

Second, why do the International officers call a meeting at Carnegie Hall where there is room for only a couple of thousand furriers? Why do shey not call a meeting in a larger hall where the second of the second where all 12,000 strikers would be able to have their say?
Why have they not come to the gen-

eral strike committee and to the shop chairmen in order to lead this strike is it just now, when it is possible to begin negotiations with the bosses for a favorable settlement that they have sent out letters with ballots, called a separate meeting and thereby made an open attempt to split the united and disciplined ranks of the strikers?

The general strike committee has nore than once declared and now declares once again that the strike is not being conducted for the question, who shall confer with the bosses for a settlement, but it is being conduct ed for better conditions for which the fur workers are struggling with might and main. It is no longer possible for anyone to force himself upon the trikers by sheer might or provocation as a leader. And nobody will be al-owed to confer or to make a settle-ment without the consent of the strikng furriers. The furriers who bear the brunt of the struggle must and will be the persons who will decide as to their representatives as well as to the settlement to be accepted. Can we rely on the leaders of the

any fake ballots which bear no signa-tures and which can be counted in any number desired, but by an honest ote of the membership. No earnest discussion as to the points of settle ment can be conducted today at Car negie Hall. This can be done only in

participate. It is our deep conviction that if none of the internal enemies who are closer now to the manufacturers than

Crew of Dirigible on Way L.L.D. DRIVE ON BALTIMORE HOSPITALS | to North Pole Makes Some | POLICE TERROR Discoveries at Leningrad

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

AM a little dazed," writes Scott Nearing, in the first issue a AM a little dazed," writes Scott Nearing, in the first issue of The New Masses, telling how, "After two months in Moscow, Kharkov, Rostov, Tiflis, Baku and other cities and villages of Soviet Russia, I have just plunged back into Boston, Providence, New York, New Haven, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago."

But Nearing is not alone. Walter Duranty cables to the New York Times that, "The crew of the dirigible Norge of the Amundsen-Ellsworth-Nobile Polar Expedition got an extraordinary cross section of the life of Soviet Russia in the first 48 hours of their stay."

For the moment Captain Roal Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer, and Lincoln Ellsworth, the American millionaire financing the expedition, are lost sight of. What the crew of the dirigible sees in the first Workers' Republic becomes of interest. Duranty cabled to the Times:

"At the Trotsky aerodrome they (the crowd) told your correspondent

"At the Trotsky aerodrome they (the crowd) told your correspondent that they had obtained an impression of a much higher efficiency than they had expected of the great number of troops, well clad and well disciplined," part of the Soviet Red Army.

Faded are the fairy tales in the yellow press about discontent and open mutiny in the Red Army. The crew of the Norge drops out of the sky and finds the Red Army efficient and disciplined, on the job. It is like a warning to the capitalist world out of which they have come.

And in Leningrad itself! Bolshevik Leningrad! Here the Norge's crew found "the soldiers were few and far between" and "the scanty, blue-coated policemen were amply sufficient to maintain order and direct traffic."

Thus in a few words the many myths of the Riga, Helsingfors, Stockholm and Copenhagen liars are quickly dispelled. No marching unemployed, no rioting hungry, as the Chicago Tribune's kept writers, for instance, have so often claimed to the great delight of their paymasters. Just "order" everywhere, and the members of the crew "slept late in the magnificient rooms in the Imperial Palace on gilt beds, authentic Louis XVI and Louis XV, and later they spent an evening at the Hotel Europe which, as Duranty points out, "compares favorably with any hotel on this side of the Atlantic."

Delegations of workers from a dozen European countries, some of them, like the British delegation, constituted of the highest officials, have visited the Soviet Union during the past year. The press of capitalism has been carefully silent about the findings of these delegations, invariably favorable to the workers' republic. Where mention has been made, it has been in the form of hysterical attacks. Even the socialists and their press have joined in the frantic on-slaught. The barrier of ignorance and deception must be maintained. The truth must not be allowed to leak out to the workers in the capitalist nations.

But it was impossible to ignore the passing of the diri-gible Norge even over that part of the world that is under workers' rule. And comething like the truth had to be add

workers' rule. And something like the truth had to be told. The Norge at the Trotsky aerodrome near Leningrad means the eyes of the reading world focused for a few days on the metropolis of the Soviet Union. It is said that some trouble is being encountered in erecting the mooring mast at Spitzbergen within the arctic circle. Thus the Norge is delayed on Soviet soil. It might not be out of place to wish that the delay continues yet a while. That would enable the Norge's crew to bring back to capitalist lands, after their trip over the North Pole, something more than additional discoveries in geography. They could tell more of the new social order that is blazing its way over the earth. They might even join with Scott Nearing in declaring:
"While gold streams in and out of Wall Street there

comes from beyond the cordon sanitaire, beyond the borders of "civilization" the hiss of the sickle and the clang of the hammer as the peasants and workers of the Soviet Union build the structure of the saner world."

naneuver is of the same character as Pick Jury in New he maneuvers hitherto undertaken by the same persons. If this be the case we must tell them with all the em

phasis possible: Hands off our strike! Free us from your participation! We have carried on the struggle on our own backs and we will lead it to a victorious end.

This must be our stand at today's gans must be made heard as loudly and as mightfly as it is in our powe Let everyone come to Carnegie Hai Come (on time. Come fur worker and say your words. Come and let us further conduct our fight for better living conditions. Let's conduct it with united forces and with a spirit

of sacrifice that has hitherto marke our strike. We must demonstrate at Carnegi internal and external enemies. Le the employers know that no mane can injure our brave fight. The Car negie Hall scheme to thwart our strik must blow up as have blown up all the other conspiracies against us. At Carnegie Hall the fur worker will say the fitting word at the fitting time to the false messiahs and make an end to machinations, intrigues and

Fur strikers, the general strike com mittee calls you today to come in masses to Carnegie Hall. The general strike committee will

be there on the spot.
Furriers' General Strike Committee, B. Gold. Chairman.

Will Klan Bomb This Church?

The Armour Avenue Christian Church of Christ. This church is located in a totally white district.

Detroit Sweet Trial

(Continued from Page 1)

reiner was the leader was bent on breaking into the Sweet home and synching the Negro doctor, his family and friends for their refusal to leave e "pure white" district and return the "black belt."

Klan Seeks to Get on Jury. Up to late yesterday afternoon but six members of the jury were examined. The ku klux klan is making Overruled by Tax Boar the most desperate efforts to get onto the jury and return a verdict of guilty against Henry Sweet. The case of Henry Sweet is considered the most mportant. The fate of Henry Sweet

rial will determine the outcome of the trials of the other 10. Question Jurors on Race Prejudices Every prospective juror is closely uestioned on his racial prejudices by the two lawyers for the defense, Clarence Darrow and Tom Chawke. It is expected that the jury may be com leted late this afternoon or early to-

If the trial of Henry Sweet results in a jury disagreement or an acquit-tal it is declared that the case of the other ten will be nolle prossed. Due o this fact every effort of the ku klux lan is being made to convict Henry Sweet and either send him to the gallows or to a life sentence in prison The klan forces are determined to win this case.

The first trial of the eleven Negroes nded in a jury disagreement after the jury had deliberated over 46 hours The trial itself lasted over four weeks. The trial was a bitterly fought battle This trial is expected to be much more

to the workers, would mix in our struggle the furriers would have long ago won their strike.

It is expected that attempts will be made by the klan to bomb this church.

This trial will determine whether the Negro has the time-honored right to defend himself against an assault by a mob bent on lynching him. This trial will determine whether

GAINS IMPETUS

Labor Rallies to Fight Passaic Textile Barons

"Heartily endorse your move for a campaign of protest and publicity on unlawful Garfield arrests. While on unlawful Garfield arrests. While sheriff, police and petty magistrates continue to suspend constitutional guarantees of free speech and free assembly by arbitrary acts affected area remains outside United States. We are fighting with every lawful means to correct these outrageous conditions."

Civil Liberties Union.

With these words the American Civil Liberties Union, thru Forrest Bailey, today wired its endorsement of the campaign initiated by the International Labor Defense for a national, united campaign of protest and agitation against the arrests of Albert Weisbord, Passale textile strike leader, Norman Thomas of the socialist party. Robert Dunn of the American ist party, Robert Dunn of the American Civil Libertles Union, Esther Lowell of the Federated Press

Signs of the unanimity which has greeted the announcement of the drive of the International Labor Defense continue to pour into the national office in the form of telegrams of solutions. idarity and protest from liberal and labor leaders from all sections of the

Mussolinizing America.

"The Passaic strike is only one of the many systems of the Mussolinizing of America," socialist Congressman Victor L. Berger (Wisconsin) wired to James P. Cannon, secretary of the In-ternational Labor Defense. "If Thomas Lefferson, would rise from his grays Jefferson would rise from his grave today he would be locked up as a dangerous radical who preaches revo-lution or be mobbed by some one hun-dred per cent-American of the ku klux

brutalities shameful abuse of power on the part of textile profiteers, which may be likened to the oppression of Russian autocrats and their cossacks Russian autocrats and their cossacks before the revolution," telegraphs Max S. Hayes, editor of the Cleveland Citizen, official organ of the Cleveland Federation of Labor, "Passaic situation ought to be condemned by all fair-minded citizens and pressure should be brought to bear upon the tartile harons to force the actilement."

textile barons to force the settlement." Charlotte Anita Whitney, herself recently released from a criminal syn-dicalism case in California, wires the International Labor Defense: "Now perhaps the decent citizenry of the ountry will arouse themselves to make an end of brutalities of police and administrative authorities and that the workers will see that their only safeguard is in organization and a united front against capitalist greed. I am back of the Passaic strikers with all my might."

Support Strike.

The national chairman of the International Labor Defense, Andrew T. MacNamara, former business agent of the Pittsburgh district council of the International Association of Machin-ists, wired to Secretary Cannon: "Issue statements giving hearty support of strike and severely condemning authorities for arbitrary setting aside of civil rights."

according who was in a mob that toned and fired on the Sweet resinitiated by the International Labor Defense is proceeding registed. Defense is proceeding rapidly and it is expected that scores of liberal and labor organizations will shortly ancounce their co-operation in the campaign in cities thruout the country.

Loss of "Good Will" Overruled by Tax Board

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20 bition is no claim for tax exemption the board of tax appeals held today in the case of Robert Thal & Co. of St. Louis. The firm was ordered to pay \$72,372 additional taxes. Up to July, 1919, this company did

a heavy business in "fortified cider," containing approximately 10 per cent of alcohol. In November of that year, the treasury issued an order prohibit-ing the sale of cider containing more than one-half of 1 per cent.

Retail Food Prices 65 Pct. Over 1913

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20 While retail food costs dropped 1 per cent in March from February prices, there was an increase of nearly 6 per cent since March 15, 1925, and an in-crease of about 65 per cent since March, 1913, the department of labor

for eggs, which dropped 12 per cent. Ten food articles increased in price luring March, cabbage topping the list at 13 per cent.

SOVIET UNIONS ANSWER CHINESE APPEAL FOR AID

Hongkong Strikers Appeal for Support

(Special to The Daily Worker) MOSCOW, U. S. S. R.—(By Mail)— The strike committee of Hong-Kong and Canton directed the following appeal to the Red International of Labor Unions and to the workers of all

eountries:
"For eight months 150,000 workers for eight months 150,000 workers "For eight months 150,000 workers of Canton and Hong-Kong have been on strike as a protest against the shooting down of Chinese by the bloody servants of foreign imperialism. The British colonial government of Hong-Kong is using all means to crush the strike. With the assistance of hired assassins it has murdered our leaders, it has attempted to send troops against us in order to crush us thru Chinese military bandits and finally it closed our customs office in order to carry out a blockade against us. Despite all difficulties we have warded off all the "acks and against us. Despite all difficulties we have warded off all the tacks and we are convinced of our all victory. Our strike is an attack against world imperialism and for this reason we request your support both morally and materially in our struggle."

Losovsky, secretary of the R. I. L.

U., sent this appeal on to the central council of the trade unions of the Soviet Union, to the Moscow committee of the trade unions and to the central committees of all the Russian trade unions with the request to contribute as much as is possible for the assistance of the strikers. The R. I. L. U. and the central council of the Union of the Soviet Republic each gave 10,000 roubles, the Moscow trade union council, 5,000 roubles and the central committees of 16 trade unions together 32,750 roubles.

Anti-Union Shipping Corporation Receives

(Special to The Dally Worker)

WASHINGTON, April 20—Claiming that the sale of the United States shipping board vessels hitherto operated by the Admiral-Oriental line of Seattle to the Dollar Steamship company of San Francisco gives a money of Pacific shipping by American poly of Pacific shipping by American vessels to that corporation, represen-tative Will R. Wood of Indiana, chairman of the sub-committee in charge of the bill, virulently criticized the terms under which the ships are to be taken over. He declared that the Dollar line was "one of the biggest shipping lines in the world and one of the most selfish." As proof of its self-ishness he cited the fact that the line before the world war sailed its ships under the British flag because of

inancial savings.

He castigated Commissioner Hill of
the shipping board as the "president
of a bankrupt bank who wouldn't
know a schooner from a battleship."
Hill is from North Dakota.

Notorious Labor Foe.

Wood never said a word about the fact that the Dollar company is one of the most notorious anti-union concerns in the whole country. Robert Dollar, its president, is a king pin in the San Francisco chamber of companyed the in recognized as a bitter merce. He is recognized as a bitter foe to organized labor.

Hold Evangelist on

Earl B. Moll, last year an evangelist in the Mississippi Methodist confer-ence, was arrested here today on the charge of cashing two worthless checks in local stores. Bankers

MURDERERS OF SOVIET OFFICIALS GET DEATH SENTENCES FOR ACTS

VILNA, U. S. S. R., April 20— Dispatches from Mohilev report that forty-six counter revolutionaries were sentenced to death there on charges of murdering forty Soviet commissioners. Some of the mur-ders were committed as far back as 1921.

Renew Franco-German Potash
Contract.
PARIS, April 20 — The Franco-Geran potash agreement has been re-ewed for seven years. The old baais of allotting 30 per cent to France and 70 per cent to Germany, with pro-vision for gradual increase in the French share until it reaches 50 per cent is followed in the renewal acrocent, is followed in the renewal agree-ment.

BALDWIN FORCES UNEMLOYED TO **BEG ON STREETS**

Many Jobless Workers Lose State Relief

By LELAND OLDS, Federated Press. Preservation of pauperism as an es-sential feature of capitalist society ap-pears as the British conservative gov-ernment's motive in handling the unerament's motive in handling the un-employment problem. Prime minister Baidwin has adopted the simple de-vice of arbitrarily cutting tens of thousands of unemployed off the num-ber officially entitled to unemploy-ment insurance, forcing them into the class dependent on poor relief, a form of municipal charity. Official figures tell the story which

Official figures tell the story which makes Baldwin's boast that he has cut down unemployment sound rather hollow. They show that in the first full year since conservatives took over the government from labor 128,518 workers were squeezed off the unemployed registers and in the same period 253,100 were added to the number of persons in receipt of row relief. Monopoly on Pacific

That women and children figure in the pauper roster probably accounts for the fact that the increase in this group is nearly double the reduction in the number officially out of work. The latest government figures sh 1,107,110 persons unemployed 1,324,000 in receipt or poor rollef. The

1,324,000 in receipt or poor rollef. The Daily Herald shows week by week for the last quarter of 1925 how the decline in the number of unemployed was paralleled by a rise in the number on poor relief.

The average number on poor relief at the end of December for the 4 years preceding the war was 632,370. Pauperiam has partly doubled since years preceding the war was 05,370. Pauperiam has nearly doubled since 1914. The figures show nearly all this increase in the populous industrial centers. In London the number in receipt of poor relief has increased from 102,000 in December 1913 to 23,0000 by December 1925. 226,000 in December 1925.

Four Rail Unions Are Out for Wage Boosts

The Brotherhood of Locomotive En-ineers and the Brotherhood of Locootive Firemen are making preparations to follow up the wage demands being presented by the trainmen and conductors with demands for in-creases. The firemen have voted by an overwhelming majority to stand out for a wage boost and have ap-pointed a committee to meet with the engineers to arrange for a joint move

It is estimated that the demands of Check Passing Charge
the four brotherhoods will result in an annual wage increase of \$150,000,000. has been nothing to indicate the Recent gains reported by the International Association of Fire Fighters, at Machington headquarters, include ministration in the intervening 11

The point of the matter is that there and the four brotherhoods will result in annual wage increases to perity of the roads justifies this. The rail executives are as usual putting up a poor mouth story.

checks in local stores. Bankers The best way to support the DAILY WORKER is to subscribe and get others to subscribe.

The Daily Worker "Sub Drive" Is Now the Most Important Activity of the Workers (Communist) Party

Member, Central Executive Committee, Workers (Con THE DAILY WORKER drive for 10,000 new subscribers from now until July 4 is the most important party activity. Aside from the trips to Moscow with all expenses paid and the privilege of attending the Sixth Congress of the Communist International; the silk banners to be presented by the Communist parties of Berlin and Moscow; the Individual prizes of a book of cartoons and the bust of Lenin, the third annual subscription drive of The DAILY WORKER should fire the imagina tion and enlist the enthusiastic support of every class conscious and revolutionary worker.

The anthracite strike of 158,000 coal miners, the Furriers' strike, the threatening strike of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, the demands of the railroad workers for increased wages, the terrific struggle of the heroic Passaic textile workers, all these, and more, point to renewed struggle and the determination of the most exploited workers to resist the capitalist class. In these struggles The DAILY WORKER in the consistent spokesman and organizer of the workers, defending

their interests and mobilizing ever larger masses to the cause of labor. No greater achievement for our party and the labor movement generally can be attained than the successful outcome of the drive for 10,000 new readers for The DAILY WORKER by July 4. All members should themselves into this work with a will. Make this drive memorable in the annals of the workers' progress. Remember a little accomby each makes for great results. Let the slogan of every party unit be: "THE EQUIVALENT OF ONE YEARLY SUB FROM EACH MEMBER BY JULY 4." This would put the drive ever the top.

MOSCOW SHOPS INCREASE THEIR TOTAL OUTPU

Production Is Raised in Many Industries

(Special to The Dally Worker) MOSCOW, U. S. S. R. (Tass.), April 20—The industrial enterprises of the Moscow Soviet, which are managed by the Moscow Economic Council, show steady progress, according to the quar-terly report of the Moscow Economic Council, just issued. The total output of the enterprises during the first quarter of the present fiscal year is

quarter of the present fiscal year is stated in the report to be 90,000,000 rubles, showing an increase of 15.8 per cent as compared with the last quarter of the preceding year.

The increase of output in certain of the important branches of industry was considerably higher. For example, in the textile industry the increase was 35.5 per cent, in the metal industry 21.9 per cent, in the leather industry 20.1 per cent and in the clothing industry 34.4 per cent.

Important Industries. The enterprises managed by the loscow Economic Council are those enterprises in the province of Moscow regarded as being second in impor-tance to the enterprises regarded as of national importance. In the same way the enterprises of the same category in other provinces are managed by the respective provincial economic councils. All the provincial and local economic councils work under the gen eral direction and within the economic plan of the Supreme Economic Coun-

Increase in Productivity of Labor.
The number of workers employed in the enterprises managed by the Mos-cow Economic Council, states the re-port, is 105,000. In some of the enterprises, the report observes, there has been an increase in the produc tivity of labor.

The report also records an increase in the turnover of the trading enterprises of the Moscow Economic Coun cil of 16.5 per cent as compared with the previous year, principally in textiles, food products, leather goods and

High British Official in India Admits that **Prison Heads Falsified**

CALCUTTA, April 20-Accusations that the British government has de-liberately lied about the conditions in the prisons of India were made by Mr. Goswami, a member of the Indian legislative assembly, and admitted to be true by Sir Alexander Muddiman. The debate took place over reports about the political prisoners and the cruelties and indignities to which they

have been subjected.

The evidence of these conditions, it developed, has been suppressed for 11 years, the investigation having taken place in 1915. At that time Lieutenant General Mulvaney of the British army testified under oath that the treatment of state prisoners was "positively inhuman" but that the on authorities made out "mislead ing reports" which were "deliberately mitted to the government." He had submitted a report to the inspector general of prisons expressing his disapproval of solitary confinement.

It was returned to him with the in-structions that he should "report that the prisoners were in solitary confine ment and were permitted daily exer cises, that they were cheerful, and that their health had not suffered."

Prisons As Bad Now

nisrepresentation is still going on by strengthened the demand for a thoro evestigation into all phases of the rison system of India under British dministration.

Illinois Farmers and Radio.

WASHINGTON, April 20 - Illinois led the United States in the number of radio sets on farms January 1, 1925, the department of commerce anced, in its first radio census of rural districts.
On 225,601 farms of that state there

vere 27,434 radio sets.
Other leading radio farm states

were:
New York, 24,620; Iowa, 23,645; Missouri, 17,592; Ohio, 15,917; Pennsylvania, 14,933; California, 13,254; Kansas, 13,189; Nebraska, 12,740. New Mexico tailed the list with 286 radios

A bust of Lenin with each five hundred points. Get the point!

HONOR ROLL OF WORKERS AIDING PRESS

Eastern Section of W. P....... Street Nucleus No. 2, Minneapolia, Minn. ucleus No. 44, Cleveland, O. Finnish Workers' Club, Berke-

Finnish Workers' Club, Milford,

Dawes' Plan Report Shows \$22,007,000 Three Months' Income

(Special to The Daily Worker) (Special to The Daily Worker)
LONDON, April 20 — The report of
Seymour Parker Gilbert, agent general of reparations, on the operation
of the Dawes plan of reparations settlement since January 1 to the end of
March, as published here, shows a
slight increase of expenditures over
receipts during that period.
Receipts amounted to \$21,615,000
and payments were \$22,007,000. This
sum principally was divided among
four receivers, as follows:
France, \$11,878,000; British Empire,
\$4,593,000; Belgium, \$2,544,000; Italy,
\$2,024,000.

Since the Dawes plan became opera-tive France has received \$178,366,000 and the British Empire \$78,501,000, ac-

and the British Empire \$78,501,000, according to the report.

The report records deliveries in kind, coal, chemical feftilizers, nitrogenuous products, dyestuffs and sugar amounting to \$250,000. Eighty per cent of the fertilizers and all of the sugar were delivered to France.

MCKINLEY MAKES POOR ALLY FOR GOV. LEN SMALL

Alliance Defeated in Ill. **Primaries**

SPRINGFIELD, III., April 20. United States Senator William B. Mc-Kinley proved to be a poor ally for Len Small, governor of Illinois. The Small slate in the republican pri-maries was overwhelmingly defeated Out of the many candidates put up by the Small-Deneen-Lundin alliance only six were able to squirm thru. Five of these are in office at present.

Small Slate Smashed. One of the most outstanding defeats for the Small slate was the over-whelming defeat of William J. Stratton, the governor's candidate for state treasurer. Every resource at the command of the governor was used to put Stratton over. All of the state employes were esiled on to "contribute" to the Small campaign fund. Those that refused to contribute lost their that refused to contribute lost their jobs. Supporters of Garrett De For-est Kinney, Peorla banker and former chairman of the republican state com-mittee, who defeated Stratton, point out that Small supporters "sand-bagged" downstate banks in an effort to raise campaign funds for Stratton The Stratton race was also considered The Stratton race was also considered to be a test of the gubernatorial elections of 1923. Stratton is a Lundin whose in Latir county and did "valued service" to Len Small preceding his trial at Wankegan four years ago.

The plainest blow at McKinley was offered at Bloomington, where Contractoring Frank H. Funk was done.

offered at Bloomington, where Con gressman Frank H. Funk was de feated for renomination by Homer W Hall because of his support of the McKinley stand on the world court. The retirement of Funk was one of the biggest blows to the Small fac-

Fear Loss of Legislative Control. One of the most ardent supporter of the Small machine in the Kankake district, which is Small's home dis-trict, was badly defeated by an anti-Small candidate.

Whether Small will control the next legislature depends mainly on the course of events and the intrigues that will take place between now and

Fire Fighters Assn. Reports Recent Gains

years to the present time. It is currently believed that the same sort of Tacoma, application for a charter from Halifax, Nova Scotia, and a decision by the California supreme court upholding a damage award to an Oakland fireman injured when off duty. The Oakland fire fighters are on a two-shift system, and the court held that since they are subject to summons when off duty they are entitled to accident compensation at all hours.

Referendum election in Des Moines and Tacoma raised the wages to \$175 and \$170 a month, respectively. In Halifax, the city fire board sought to prevent the formation of a union, but the city council refused to interfere when 95 percent of the men applied for a charter.

Plan Four-Year Road Building in Saghalin

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., (Tass) April 20—It is reported from Viadivostok that the Saghalin revolutionary com-mittee, the Soviet administrative body, has given its endorsement to a 4-year has given its endorsement to a 4-year plan of road building in Saghalin for the purpose of facilitating the eco-nomic development of the territory. In the first year, the work will be devoted to the development of main roads and then will follow the laying

down of roads connecting up the oil centers and local roads. It is proposed also to lay down an entirely new road about 54 kilometers long, be-tween Onor and Pilevo, linking up 6.00 the populated points near the Japan-4.00 ese frontier.

6.50 Make your slogan—"A sub pock. This is a good issue to give 6.00 to your fellow worker,

GOVERNMENT AID DENIED FARMERS, IS GIVEN ROADS

Rail Companies Handed Interest Cut

(Special to The Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, April 20 — Altho
the government professes its inability
to relieve the suffering among portions of the farming population during
periods of crisis, administration leaders are ready to rush thru congress a bill to relieve the railroads of interest payments due on their debts to the treasury by reducing the 6 per cent interest rate on wartime loans made them to 4½ per cent. The loss of revenue will be approximately \$6,000, 000 a year, according to Senator Smith of South Carolina.

or South Carolina.

Incidentally the bill brings out the fact that the proper way for corporations owing large amounts to the government to repay such indebtedness is to have it extended at a lower rate of to have it extended at a lower rate of interest. Small taxpayers, either farmers or wage earners, do not receive such consideration. Their little properties are seized for taxes and sold if they do not pay promptly. If the government followed a similar procedure with the railroads, it would foreclose on some of the largest systems in the country such as the Chi. tems, in the country, such as the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

Large Sums Owed. Senator Gooding, who introduced the bill and who has had it favorably reported from the interstate comerce committee, submitted a supple mercs committee, submitted a supplementary report showing that on Feb. 28, 1926, there were 51 railroads owing the government a total of \$301,155,592. The largest debtors were: Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, \$35,000,000; New York, New Haven & Hartford, \$27,130,000; Boston & Maine, \$21,705,479; Seaboard Air Line \$14,453,900; Erie, \$11,574,450; Chesapeake & Ohio, \$8,073,023; Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, \$7,862,000; Chicago & Western Indiana, \$7,616,000.

Farmers Versus Railroads.
Senator Smith, (D) of South Caroina, declared that the railroads would not get a cent in the way of interest concessions until the farmers of the southeast who lost their entire crop last year from the drouth were given relief. At that time government officials declared the government was financially unable, to extend such relief, just as it is now telling the corn farmers that no financial aid can be granted them except in an indirect manner thru land bank loans.

The Government's Function In support of quick action on his bill, Senator Gooding recalled the as-surance given the railroads when their properties were taken over by former President Woodrow Wilson. "Investors in railway securities," Wilson promised, "can rest assured that their rights will be as scrupulously looked after by the government as they could be by the directors of the several rail-way companies."

Volcano in Hawaiian Islands Erupts Red-Hol Flow of Blazing Lava

HONOLULU, April 20. - Mauna HONOLULU, April 20.

Loa's fiery lava rampage continued unabted today. The surging flows of molten rock have already taken conderable property toll as the result of their devastating advance. No loss of life, however, has as yet been re

The small village of Hoopuloa, in the South Kona district, on the west-ern shore of Hawaii Island, has been wiped out by a great stream of flam-ing lava one thousand feet wide and twenty feet deep at the crest.

All residents escaped. About 125 After passing thru the village, the rigantic lava flow struck the sea at 6:21 Sunday morning. An awe-inspiring spectacle resulted. Gigantic steam clouds, visible for miles around, were formed when the red-hot rock flow mingled with the ocean. A succession of roaring explosions, plainly heard twenty miles away, added savage grandeur of the battle between the fire of the lava and the water of the sea.

Jury Unable to Agree If "Desire" Is Immoral

(Special to The Dally Worker) LOS ANGELES, Calif., April 20. After having witnessed Eugene O'Neill's play, "Desire Under the Elms," in a reproduction at the Orange Grove Theater, precisely as it was rendered on the night the seventeen members of the cast were ar rested, the jury of nine women and three men were unable to agree on a verdict. The vote stood eight for conviction to four for acquittal. The charge was the presentation of a "lewd, indecent' and obscene" play,

Brazil Coffee Trust Fears Price Collapse

RIO DE JANEIRO, April 20-The Sao Paulo coffee defense institute is buying heavily in the Santos marke in an effort to check the tumbling cos fee prices. Trading in coffee in mar of the principal ports of Brazil slumping badly. The coffee trust buving up the coffee in an attempt prevent a price collapse.

Another Prize

In the Third Annual

National Builders Campaign

of THE DAILY WORKER



A Bust of

ENIN

A Prize for Each 500 Points.

THE premiums offered in this campaign for The DAILY WORKER are the gifts of proletarian art. This bust of our great leader is the work of a gifted young proletarian sculptor. The original from which the premiums will be cast in attractive finish is offered by The DAILY WORKER and the sculptor to the Art Museum of Moscow. The bust—9 inches high, a beautiful prize for the workers' home, club rooms and halls—will not be sold and can be had only as a premium to point to accomplishment for the revolutionary labor movement. This agreement, reached by the management and the sculptor, himself a worker in the ranks of the movement, make the prize noteworthy recognition of effort for the working class.

Prize Winning Points Are Also Entitled to Votes for the TRIP TO MOSCOW

With Every 100 Points (also counted as votes) You Can Receive

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NAME	E FATE
CITYSTATE	0

of the United States also. . . . The

the multi-millionaires of New York, Chicago and San Francisco are per-

orming-tho unconsciously-their pre-

cans in this country, who also prob-

tution. It would be well, therefore,

that you look more to the welfare of

Segregation of Negro.

"It might also be of service to the

American people as a whole if more

attention and more financial support were given to education of the Negro

what is expended on a white child is apportioned to a black child. It would

lso lead to greater 'peace' in this ountry if, instead of segregating and

discriminating against the Negro, you

would devote yourself to bringing about equality for the Negro."

Declaration of Independence.

"May I also, at this point, ask a pertinent question? Why is it that your organization does not mention

the Declaration of Indepence? I know

ing of that document in public. Certainly the Declaration of Independence

document. Why not explain that doc

ument to the masses! I believe that the proposed debate, which should be

duplicated in all large centers of the

country-and in which the central ex-

ecutive committee of the Workers

(Communist) Party is prepared to pre-sent the affirmative—will be most in-

Regard for Constitution.

orning papers that Senator Bruce of

Maryland stated in the United States senate yesterday that 'the opulent por-

tion of the American population is going to have its wine, constitution or

no constitution, statute or no statute.

Evidently the constitution is another scrap of paper, for which you intend to force particularly the foreigner to have respect. You might begin with those who are loudest in their protestates.

"In making this offer for a debate wish to say that the Workers (Com-

nunist) Party insists on having as the

tation of upholding it!

ably are not familiar with the co

eign-born.

American oil and steel magnates

destined revolutionary function.'

CLEVELAND WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY CHALLENGES "PATRIOT" SOCIETY TO A PUBLIC DEBATE WILL HOLD MAY

CLEVELAND, April 20-After receiving a communication from the chamber of commerce of Cleveland that it is busy in "constructive work" and has no time for a debate on the Declaration of Independence, and having received no reply from the American Legion, the executive committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, District Six, sent the following letter to Mr. Jacob Cash (suggestive name) of the United States Patriotic Society of Many Unions Declare a

"Jacob Cash,
"299 Broadway,
"New York City.
"Dear Sir:

"Your pamphlet 'Whither America' and a copy of your paper 'The Patriot' came into my hands this morning and therefore I am constrained to write you asking you the same question that was put to the chamber of commerce and the American Legion of this city Challenges "Patriot" Society.

"Are you prepared to name a repre tative of your organization to take the negative in a debate on a question that certainly will interest a mass of workers of this city and country—both American and foreign-born workers?

of this 'most wonderful country,' but who IS thoroly familiar with the facts of life in this country in the steel mills, slaughter houses, in the mines, textile mills, etc. It may also interest "The Workers (Communist) Party proposes that you name a prominent -preferably yourself or some wellknown New Yorker—to defend the negative on the question:

'Resolved, that the Declaration of Independence justifies the propagation of revolution in this country.

"You will agree that large numbers of people are particularly interested in that document owing to this year bethe American natives than to the for ing the 150th anniversary of its sign-ing. I believe that, judging from the 'Patriot' and 'Whither America,' you will gladly argue the negative on the

"Please let me hear from you. wish to state in advance that the central executive committee of the in the south, where only a fraction of Workers (Communist) Party will send one of its members to present the af-firmative in the debate. All questions as to time and place of holding the de--preferably in a large hall in this
-time to be allotted the speaketc .- can be settled at a confer

Correct Misstatements "While writing you, however, I feel elled to correct a few errors in ents and a few in logic, as that during the world war the agents strated in your publication. The mbership of the Workers (Commu-t) Party does not yet number 208,-534, as you assert, supposedly quoting is supposed to incorporate more the from a report of the party. It is true spirit on which the United States government a vast number of sympathizers are founded than any other and our press is widely read, and such inane attacks as your organiza-tion and similar associations make will my help to increase the influence of What Com. Leon Trotzky said is true: 'American capi-talism is laying the foundation for and revolutionary upheavals, in their frightful rebound will not fail to strike the economic system

Let every worker know you are with us on

MAY FIRST

Greetings

Trade unions, workers' benefit societies and other working class organizations will rally with greetings to The Daily Worker on May al ads organization to take some space in The Daily Worker. All ads at the rate of

\$1.00 An Inch

cor an str hav tor mc

in fail wit hat Car for

pro rea the wit wri the ists a f

Individuals can join the big parade, and names of workers sending greetings will be

25 Cents a Name

JOIN THE BIG PARADE!

Sign the Honor Roll!



The DAILY WORKER 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

... put the follow-Enclosed \$... ing names in the May Day Issue.

4301 TEN State

MANY CITIES

Holiday

May Day meetings are being ar ranged in all parts of the country. Thousands of workers are preparing to celebrate International Labor Day. "Unfortunately in your diatribe against the Workers (Communist) Party and the revolutionary movement of this country, as manifested in "Whither America," you do not answer a single argument put forth by

nificance when one sees the prepara-Trotzky. That may be your manner of educating the poor foreigner, who is tion that is being made by the bo for an attack on the wages of the not conversant with the constitution workers. The bosses are preparing for a drive to slash wages, lengthen hours and break the unions the workers have formed after years of sacriices This May Day will voice the proyou to know that there are more than 3,000,000 illiterate native-born Ameriests of these workers.

A number of meetings that have een arranged since those pul n yesterday's DAILY WORKER fol-

Baltimore, Md., at 7 p. m., at the Con-servatory Hall, 1029 E. Baltimore St., Ruthenberg, Dunne and Tallentire. May 1.

delphia, Pa., at 7 p. m., at Mo road and Master Sts., Ruthenbe May 2.

Seattle, Wash., Peoples Park, Rentor unction, A. Fislerman, Wm. Bouck resident of Western Progressive Farm rs.
Trenton, N. J., 1:30 p. m., Palace Hall,
79 S. Broad St., Dunne and Tallentire.
Chester, Pa., 8 p. m., Tallentire.
Washington, D. C., 8 p. m., The Playlouse, 1814 N St. N. W., Dunne. May 3.

Westchester, Pa., 8 p. m., Hartne lall, 26 West Gay St., Tallentire. May 4. Wilmington, Del., 8 p. m., Tallentir

Brockton Arranges Its May Day Meeting

BROCKTON, Mass., April 20-The Vorkers (Communist) Party in con unction with Italian, Jewish and Lith nanian societies will hold a May Day celebration and mass meeting, Sunlay. May 2nd at 7 o'clock in the eve ning at Lithuanian National Hall in Montello. Ben Gitlow of New York is o be the main speaker. There will be speakers in Italian and Lithuan

structive to the people of the country, Among the features on the progra s the well-known Lithuanian National "Before closing I wish to remark Chorus. There will be violin and that the lawmakers of this country solos and a one act play pre are not particularly awe-stricken by the constitution. I noticed in the sented by the Young Pioneers.

If you send a sub you will build The DAILY WORKER, and The DAILY WORKER will help to the movement. Get the point?

Русская Вечеринка

The Russian Singing Society of the Workers' House is giving a Vecheria-ka, concert and dance, Saturday, April 24, at the Workers' House, 1902 W. ground" magazine reported the action defender of the negative a man of recognized standing in the community Division St.

or country, and has no intention of raising the prestige of some shyster lawyer by a public debate of this kind.

The society has been organized only a few months ago, but has already over 50 members and participated in

"I. Amter, "District Secretary." ission only 35 cents.

booklet has been sent to every reader of The Daily Worker and to many others. If you don't get one this week—SEND -SEND FOR IT! Or ask your Daily Worker agent for a

20,000

A copy of this

HELP!

HELP!

copy.

Give Us a Hand!

The big campaign is on at present and all the work has our office force just swamped. If you want to volunteer your services (to fold circulars, enclosures, stamp envelopes, etc.) come around and you'll be more welcome than a raise in wages. We are going to build The Daily Worker to twice its size. Come around and help us do it!

Los Angeles Labor Plans to Hold May Day Mass Meeting

(Special to The Cally Worker)
LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 20.—The joint May day committee, represent-ing ten labor organizations, is arrang-ing a big May day mass meeting on Saturday afternoon, May 1, at 3

o'clock.

Speakers in Russian, English, Jewish, Japanese, Chinese and Spanish
have been obtained for the occasion.

To add to the international color, the
Freiheit Singing Society, the Hungarian chorus and the Lithuanian
String Orchestra will furnish the
musical program nusical program.

musical program.

Tom Lewis will be the main speaker. All labor organizations have been asked to urge their members to stop work on May day, and celebrate this event by coming to the mass meeting

in the afternoon.

The net proceeds, will be given 50 per cent for California political prisoners, and 50 per cent for the Passaic

Russian Fraction to Meet Wednesday at Workers' House

The Russian fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party of Chicago will meet Wednesday, April 21, at the Workers' House, 1902 W. Division St. Important questions will come up for discussion. Meeting begins at 8 p. m

Minor-Schnabel Debate on Sunday Afternoon

WAUKEGAN, Ill., April 20-The Minor-Schnabel debate will take place Sunday, April 25 at 2 p. m. in the Workers' Hall, 517 Helmholtz Av. The subject will be "Resolved, That the so." Workers (Communist) Party has the orrect program for the emnacipation of the working class in America."

The affirmative is taken by Robert

NEGROES MUST CARRY PASSES

Workers Demand Repeal of Dastardly Ordinance

DAYTONA BEACH, Fla., April 20egro citizens of Daytona Beach are reculating petitions to be submitted that all Negroes must carry passes if they wish to go about after dark. Persecute Negro Workers.

The following is taken from the petition which shows the extent to which they are inconvenienced and persecuted because of this dastardly ordinance:

"For a number of years there has been a city ordinance in force across the river in what was previously known as Daytona Beach, prohibiting the free movement of colored citizens after nightfall. By the provisions of this ordinance no colored person from this side of the river can go across the bridge to Daytona Beach, and no

pleasure and recreation by this un-American and unheard-of regulation. Their churches, their lodges, their so-cial outlets are all on this side. They cannot come to them without either the humiliation of getting a pass or the fear of arrest if they fail to do

Non-Citizen Prominent Politician. BATON ROUGE, La., April 20-J. K. Roumain who has served on juries, Minor, member of the Central Execu-tive Committee of the Workers (Com-wealth taking a prominent part in city munist) Party while the negative is taken by Albert Schnabel of the so-cialist labor party.



CAPTIALIST SPORTS—ADJUNCT OF THE MILITARIST MACHINE

Every speech made at the Washington man-power conference was significant in that it showed how the capitalists use their control of the sports activities of the youth to permeate them with jingoism.

Pride in America's international athletic superiority is developed into pride in America's military might. The legend is fostered that the Yankee is super-athelete. National spirit is of-tentimes lashed to its highest pitch made to build a nation-wide organiza

the super-soldier, because he is the during contests between American and foreign athletes. The man-power conference took stock of these facts in its reliance on the sports movement of the country to spread the military training of the youth.

Lay Definite Plans.

Of course the conference was not satisfied with merely discussing the opportunities of exploiting sports for purposes of military training. It worked out a comprehensive and practical Division St.

The society has been organized only

of the conference as follows:

I trust, therefore, that you will not fail to select a man of this standing.

"Trusting to hear from you soon, I am, "Very truly yours,"

"Very truly yours,"

"Very truly yours,"

"LAmter."

"Amter."

"Very truly a public accessed that all who heard the singing of this society will come to the National Amale organization is recommended because to the Vecherinka and help make it. The entire execution of the provided for the conference the evening, and considering the last was turned over to the National Amale league hike and remembering the activities to include sports and cultural activities. This must not mean a swing to the other extreme and a swing to the other extreme and a a success. Beginning at 8 p. m. Ad- would have available the resources of mission only 35 cents. would have available the resources of an influential group of organizations within its own membership, and could secure effective coordinates. ecure effective co-operation from the large number of other organizations sympathizers of Detroit are urged to working for the physical improvement remember the date and be there.

of the youth."
When it is considered that the Nases control over nearly every vestige of amateur sports in this country, that numbers a membership of over 2,000,000 then we can see that the action of the man-power conference was not merely a gesture. By working out a program for militarizing the sports activities of the American youth and turning it over to the National Ath-letic Association Union for execution, the capitalist war mongers are able to reach and train large masses of the working youth and prepare them for new imperialist slaghter.

Need Workers' Sports.

The working class must take action agianst this dangerous situation. The outh must be won from capitalist nilitarism, for working class miliancy and struggle. The efforts of the ruling class to mislead, miseducate and militarize the working youth thru sports must be counteracted by the development of a mass proletarian sports movement in this country. Steps have already been taken in this direction. They must be increased a hundredfold. Every class conscious worker, and particularly every class onscious worker-athlete must give his

made to build a nation-wide organization for proletarian physical culture and atheltics.

Detroit Young Workers Plan to Hold a Hike on Sunday Morning

DETROIT, Mich., April 20.-The Young Workers (Communist) League are party members. This situation is of Detroit is planning their second absolutely abnormal. It is due largely hike of the season for Sunday April to the inner factional situation. 25, at 10 a. m. All hikers will meet at the west end of the crosstown (thru) car line, and from there go in a body to River Rouge Park. The inner life is barren. Only discus sions of lengthy political theses by

All league and party members and

remember the date and be there. Dr. J. Scholtes, D. C. There will be a charge of 50 cents When it is considered that the National Amateur Athletic Union exertance and bring a friend! ×

American Delegate Speech at Y. C. I. Session

(Note: In a recent issue of the D. W. we devoted an article to a summary of the various speches on the Political Report at the Y. C. I. Plenum. Because of its hervity it did not give an exact picture of the speches of the Various delegates. We are of the opinion that a longer summary of the specches of our American delegates is necessary and we are herewith printing a summary of the speech of Comrade Williamson.)

COMRADES: The Comintern Plea um correctly characterized the situation of America in the present period of relative stabilization. It was pointed out that the labor movement

was moving to the right in America However in relation to the million of young workers in America, it is difficult to say that they are drifting either to the right or left. As yet they are politically dormant, passive and unawakened.

one on the other side can come to this side without a pass issued by the bridge-keeper.

The pass issued by the bridge-keeper.

The pass issued by the bridge-keeper.

The pass issued by the bridge-keeper. "Further than this, colored people employed in families and hotels on the other side have been arrested and is not homogeneous, because of the fined for being on the street at night.

The men and women market at night. The men and women working on the traditions and each being played 24th, 1926, at 62 Chambers St., Boston, other side are wholly deprived of against the other by the capitalist Mass., at 7:30 p. m. Come and bring

> With such difficulties facing the adults, you have a picture of the in-creased difficulties facing the youth It is true that the youth can play great role in helping to solve and overcome these problems.

Comrade Vuyowich dealt with the reased activity of the bourgeois or ganizations to organize the youth great majority of those that are or ganized at all, are in bourgeois organ izations—all of those opponent organ izations. There are over a million in the Y. M. C. A.; six hundred thousand in the Boy Scouts and so on thru the list. With the exception of the Y. M. C. A. none of these have as yet enter ed the industrial field and in the case of the "Y" it is to push forward a ark. There will be singing, dancing, class collaboration policy. I have few and recitations. Admission 35 cents. statistics on hand, but in 1920 in six Children's ticket 10 cents. industries alone the Y. M. C. A. had 190 paid secretaries, in the coal, lumber, cotton, metal, steel and shipbuilding industries. The "Y" has also 140 olored sections with 30,000 members

no attention to the youth.

Such a general situation demands the broadest possible policy for the Y. W. L. If the German League finds difficulties with a situation manifold

If you want the May issue of the better imagine what is necessary in America. Three years ago, as a reaction to the social character of the old Socialist Youth, we swing to the Fifty extreme of cutting off all connection with the broader forms of activities with cultural activities, etc. Today w find a large yearly turnover in our membership. I think I am safe in say. ing that 40 per cent of those who enter our League leave within the first six months. We must search for the reasons. The following two general easons contribute:

1. The American League has be

come a youth section of the party, duplicating its activities, with little youth activities. In fact, 70 per cent are party members. This situation is 2. There were little activities of in-

terest to the average young worker. of the conference as follows:

In a body to River Rouge Park.

The committee in charge has pro
"The entire execution of the pro
"The entire execution of the pro
"The committee in charge has pro
"It is a body to River Rouge Park.

The committee in charge has pro
"The entire execution of the pro-

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rounding out of our activities. The key problem of approach in America is thru (1) economic-trade union activ-ties, including unionization, youth conferences, T. U. conferences, everyday activity, etc.; (2) building a workers' movement, and (3) correct and broad application of united front tac-

of the various Leagues. It is obvious that they have little influence. In America our press has a circulation two and one-half times the size of our membership.

The American delegation is emphatic regarding the establishment of a Pan-American Bureau. It is only necessary to look at the importance the C. I. places on Latin America.

The American delegation is in agree-

ment with the report and resolution ions of the Comintern. BOSTON SHOP GROUPS AFFAIR. Nuclei No. 5 and No. 8 of the Young

Workers League of Boston, are giving a social and package-party on April your friends. A good time is assured

LOS ANGELES' HUGE OUTING.

The Young Workers League of Los Angeles is arranging a huge outing to Arroyo Seco Canyon on the second of May, Sunday. Trucks leave 8:30 a. M., Brooklyn and Mott, and 6th and Where are the youth in America? The Let's make this a big May Day Cele-

M. FRUNZE PIONEERS

OF NEWARK AFFAIR NEWARK, N. J.—The Young Pioneers here have arranged an affair for Saturday, April 24th at 8 p. m. to take place at the Workmen's Circle Institute, 71 Montgomery street, New-

MARKHAM YOUTH ACTIVE. Here in Markham the Y. W. L. was organized nine months ago. We have social and educational meetings. Our League is still small for such a large

AMERICAN WORKER CORRE-SPONDENT don't hold up the works any longer-mail that sub at once. cents, a year for you. have it 50 cent more for a donation

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!



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The May Day Special Issue will be one of 12 pages—filled with news and stories and cartoons—features from the shops, factories and trade unions.

The Special will be printed to enable every part of the country to receive it before May Day and in time for distribution and your May Day meeting. Get a bundle at the special price of

2 Cents a Copy



THE DAILY WORKER 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, III.

Enclosed \$ for a bundle ... copies of the May Day (Name

(State)

DAILY WORKER THEIR PAPER SAY STRIKERS

Cabranette Workers Holding Firm

"Here comes our paper," was the cry of the two-score striking cabinet workers as The DAILY WORKER corworkers as The DAILY WORKER-eorrespondent hove in sight with a
bundle of yesterday's issue of "The
Daily" containing the write-up on their
strike. The men eagerly snatched the
papers and read the article hungrily.
"That's the stuff." "That's true."
"That's handing it to them," "Good
stuff," were some of the exclamations
as the men read their own words,
their own compisints, their own point
of view put into print.

This is the sixth day of the strike
at the Cabranette plant which makes
kitchen utensils. All of the men who
went out are staying out. More than

went out are staying out. More than that they are faithfully coming out and doing their turn on the picket

The "Czar."

The strikers are particularly deter-mined not to slink back to face the tender mercies of the manager, one Berger, who is nicknamed "The Czar" because of his dictatorial method of

because of his dictatorial method of dealing with the men. "Get out this work or I'll fire you," is his favorite method of speeding up the men. George Seeger and "Ball" Johnson, both hirelings of Berger, who, by the way, is a cousin of Franks, the presi-dent of Cabranettes, also do their bit towards making the shop a slave joint. Both of these gentlemen are overfond Both of these gentlemen are overfood of drinking and it is not an uncom-mon thing for them to stagger around the shop bawling drunken orders at the men. On Saturday Seeger came out of the factory while drunk and attempted to persuade the men to so back to work. The strikers merely laughed at him.

laughed at him.

Employment Sharks.

The Cabranette Corporation, it is learned, is in league with several down town employment agencies, to procure men from them regularly in order to cheat them out of the employment fee which they pay. It is worked like this: The worker applies for a job and planks down \$10 for the privilege of getting a job. The for the privilege of getting a job. The employment agency sends the men to the Cabranette Corporation which employs them for one week and then gives them "the air." The \$10 is then split fifty-fifty. One of the strikers actually saw the employment agency turning over some of the money to

"Sanitation."

Sanitary conditions at the Cabri Sanitary conditions at the Cabra-nette factory are very bad. The floors are covered with water, or rather, mud. The smell from the toilets is all over the shop. The boss is too cheap to hire some one to clean them up. Oil drips from the pans which are suspended over the machines. In winter, the shop is very cold and in summer the men are not permitted to Wages at Low Level.

Not only are the wages at a starv-ion level, but the bosses cheat the men at every opportunity. When a man comes two minutes late he is man comes two minutes late he is docked for 15 minutes' time. If a man quits promptly at five he is also locked because it is considered that he got ready to leave ahead of time.

How it Started.

The immediate cause of the walk-out was the firing of a worker, Jack Smith, last Tuesday. Smith left the Smith, last Tuesday. Smith left the shop early that day because a doctor called up and told him that his newly born child had died. Smith pleaded with the foreman to be excused but the latter refused. Thereupon Smith left without permission. The next morning when he came to work he was handed his check and told he was than. The men then got together. was thru. The men then got together and walked out with Smith. The strik ers are determined that they will force the czar to backwater on this matter They will not return unless Smith is also taken back.

Also taken back.

Few Scabs.

Whatever work the Cabranette Corporation is now turning out—and there is very little of it because the few scabs that the company has picked up do not know how to do the work—is being trucked away by the Grady teaming company, the drivers of which belong to Local No. 705 of the Ohicago Teamsters' Union. The strikers are going to bring this matter before the officials of the teamsters' union. They are determined to put up a stiff fight to the finish.

TO WORKER CORRESPONDENTS When you send in news be brief. Tell what, who, when, where and

why! 250 words but not more than Always use double-space, ink or typewriter, and write on one side of

the paper only.

Tell a complete story in as few words as possible. You are NEWS correspondents-don't philosophize.

Did you subscribe to The American Worker Correspondent?

New Prizes



This

For the best stories sent in during this week, to appear in the issue of Friday, April 23,

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Make your story brief. Write on one side of the paper only. Give facts. Give your name and address. Write about the job.

IS FORD MOTTO

Bosses Disregard the Safety Rules

(By a Worker Correspondent.) DETROIT, April 20. — A common saying at the Ford Motor company plant is "there are more bosses than workers." There are many straw boss-

Ford has signs stuck up all over the plant with certain rules on them. Tho each placard insists that the rule be become a boss if he wants to, but in cobeyed, Ford has an army of stool

What is the purpose of all the buletins in the plant? He does not allow
the workers to obey them because
they would spend less time producing
for him and would reduce his profits.
The purpose of the health and safety
time. I never could save enough it
even dream of taking a vacation.

The purpose of the health and safety
time is to impress on the ability has been dream of taking a vacation.

My dreams are gone, about working signs is to impress on the public that the workers' health and safety is the first consideration of this flivver mag-

Teachers Must Unite to Win Better Conditions

(By a Teacher Correspondent.) DETROIT, Mich., April 20.—Conditions in many of the Detroit schools have caused great dissatisfaction among the teachers. The board of education is supposed to supply substitute teachers and has an appropriation of the supply substitute teachers and has an appropriation of the supply substitute teachers and has an appropriation of the supplemental supplemen tion to pay for these substitutes. Nevertheless in many of the schools. substitutes are not supplied. Consequently teachers present must give up the relief periods to teach the class of the absent teacher. This is another reason for the need of organization among teachers.

We need more news from the shops and factories. Send it in!

Conversation Between Two Workers in a Shop

NEW YORK, April 20 .- In one of the largest manufacturing establishments where ladies' silk garments are ade I happened to hear the following

is a country of possibilties. If you want to become a boss you can do that. If you want to remain a worker, the pleasure is all yours. Of course it saying at the Ford Motor company plant is "there are more bosses than workers." There are many straw bosses, rent, machinery, wages, etc.—No worries, no troubles, it's a cinch! eons—stationed in the factory to "en-I tell you there is nothing to it. But to be a boss, that is different."

cach placard insists that the rule be obeyed. Ford has an army of stool pigeons to see to it that the rules are not taken to heart by the workers are not taken to heart by the workers. These stool pigeons see to it that the rules are not taken to heart by the workers. These stool pigeons see to it that the workers do not follow the "golden rules" too closely.

This is done because if the workers began to follow the health and safety rules posted all over the plant, it would take a worker much more time to do a certain job than it does now. It would lessen the profits of the fliver magnate.

One example of the way these rules work out. He has signs put up about obeying the laws of nature. Tho he has these signs face the worker thruout the day the worker is only allowal for enforced vacations, slack times, etc.

I married. After the first few years of the fliver magnate.

time. I never could save enough to even dream of taking a vacation. I

myself up. It was a long dream. Hard work and the leading of a half-starved existence will destroy quickly ough dreams of ever becoming

"In order to be free the system of bosses has to be destroyed and another system installed in which every one shall have the means to exist, to educate himself and his children. Only then can we have a chance to live like our boss, in comfort and ease. Only then you can talk of possibili-

WORKER CORRESPONDENTS, ATTENTION!

All worker correspondents of our ting for which paper they write. It is very important The American Worker Correspondent

A young wroker was talking. "This

out the day the worker is only allowout the day the worker is only allowin life became much harder. The money
I was earning was barely sufficient
I was earning was barely sufficient

never had one, either.

My dreams are gone, about working

foreign language press are urged to send in their names and addresses sta-

1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, III.

WORKER CORRESPONDENTS' CORNER

JOBLESS CORRESPONDENT PROMISES TO SUBSCRIBE: HOW ABOUT YOU?

A worker correspondent, unemployed, writes us: "It was thoughtful of you to send me a copy of the AMERICAN WORKER CORRE-SPONDENT. Thanks! I had wished to see it but being absolutely broke I could not send in the subscription price. Will do so some time later. . ."

How do you feel about the AMERICAN WORKER CORRE-SPONDENT? Have you sent in your sub? Fifty cents and the AMERICAN WORKER CORRESPONDENT

is yours for one year. Fifty cents more and an unemployed correspondent receives it for one year.

Your co-operation is needed. Send in your dollar now, while you

How to Write Your May Day Story.

. The worker correspondents, the life of our paper, must make a good showing in the May Day issue of The DAILY WORKER. What are you doing about it? Have you written your May Day story...

Do not write lengthy thesis on the history of May Day. They will be superfluous, for the editorials in the paper will take care of that. Your industry, your shop, your fellow-workers and what May Day should mean and can mean to them. That is your job. Don't make your story long. One, two or three paragraphs at the very A page or two full of short snappy stories from workers in every industry is what we look for from you!

SOVIETS THEIR IMPORTS BY ONE-THIRD

Rykov Shows Need to **Economize**

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20. Details of drastic cuts in the export-import plan of the Soviet government for the current fiscal year ending current fiscal year ending Sept. 30 next, made necessary by disappointments in the internal grain-purchasing situation, have been re-ceived by the Russian information bureau here. The reports received include the full text of recent speeches by Rykov, chairman of the council of commissars, and Djerzinsky, chairman of the supreme economic council.

Cut Foreign Trade One Third. The foreign trade program for The foreign trade program for the year, fixed last summer at \$1,089,187, 1000, has been cut to \$723,575,000, a reduction of about one third. Under the revised program the furnover for this year will be 12% greater than that of the year 1924-25. Exports will be \$370,800,000 and imports \$352,775,000, giving a safe favorable margin. Imports have been cut all along the line ave in the case of industrial maching. ry, where the outlay of \$48,110,000 in-he original plan has been increased \$55,290,000.

The original economic plan adopted for the fiscal year contemplated an acrease of 49% in industrial production over last year. This has been cut to 39%. Instead of \$500,000,000. as originally planned, \$412,000,000 will be spent on new factories and equip-ment in the principal industries. In explaining the situation, Rykov says:

"We made a number of miscalcula-"We made a number of miscalcula-tions and mistakes in our grain pur-thases. As a result we planned to live on what proved to be beyond our means. Hence it has been necessary to economize, to cut down our pro-gram, to make both ends meet. None-the-less, in spite of the sharp reductions, our progress shows an advance that could not be matched by any other country in Europe.

other country in Europe.

"There is no corcity of grain for internal consumption. On the other hand the lack of industrial goods is felt everywhere. This is our most serious embarratiment, and it has contributed to agree the agricultural market. The output of our industries increased 63% last year over the previous year, in would not keep up with the increased purchasing power of the population. Fortunately we have large reserves in unusued plants and equipment. This year these reserves will be fully brought to servery Hereafter the increase of indus trial production must be effected thru new construction and equipment."

Russian Professor Reduces Harmfulness of the Aniline Dyes

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., —(Tass)— pril 20—Prof. Voznessenski claims to have discovered a method of reduc-ing the harmfulness of aniline dyes for workers handling these dyes by more than 50 per cent and hopes in the near future to render them almost completely harmless. This was explained at a conference of chemists held at the Institute for the Protection of Labor

As as a result of investigation made with regard to the conditions of labor in three of the principal textile mills in Moscow, it was discovered that by the present method of employing aniline dyes nearly half of the chemical properties of the dye is wasted by evaporating into the air and thus rendering the latter harmful to the

Prof. Voznesenski's formula for aniline dye preparations will reduce the evaporation in the course of the employment of the dyes and at the same time will do much to improve the health conditions of textile mills.

Herrin Inquest to Be Secret; Funerals Held

HERRIN, Ill., April 20-Newspaper

The preachers, in their sermons over the graves, in effect, called for re-venge. But the fanaical gestures of destination in Russia. The pay

U. S. Politician Gets

MADRID, April 19.—United States Ambassador Ogden was presented to the king of Spain with as much cere-Royal coaches, escorted by a full body-guard, and drawn by six horses resplendently harnessed, bore the Amer-ican to the castle. There Primo de

SLACKENING, MARCH FIGURES SHOW GROSS INJUSTICE ILLINOIS EMPLOYMENT SPURT IS

By LELAND OLDS, Federated Press.

The increase in Illinois factory operations in progress since the opening of the year is spending its force. This is the conclusion of the labor research bureau of the state department of labor based on figures showing an increase of only 1/4 of 1% in factory emloyment between February and March.

The employment situation in Illnois, is, however, considerably better that year ago. From February to March, 1925, employment fell off about 1%

crease in factory employment in New

tivity which has marked the sprin

of other years and notes the tendency in some of the primary industries for

The downward influences wer

found neither in textile nor meta plants, but were scattered thru other

tries. The commissioner makes the

Automobile plants in the Syracuse dis

poration again raises the question

ng overproduction until a drasti

simp will open the way to further deflation of labor. Unfilled orders have been falling steadily since De-

cember. On March 31 there were or ders for 4,379,835 tons, compared with

5,033,364 at the end of the year. March production was pushed to a new high level, the output of 4,491,686 tons ex-

eeding all previous records. Ther

among authorities that this rate can

is practically unanim

production to exceed new orders

Factory employment this year is about 3% ahead of March, 1925.
Railroad equipment plants play a leading role in the report with an increase of 11% in the number on payrolls. This follows a gain of 13% from January to February and indicates that this industry, which has been thru a long slump, is at least temporarily getting back toward normal. They are employing about three-quarters as many workers as last March and only half as many as in March,

Other important industries in the metals group increased their forces as follows: Iron and steel mills 2%, machinery factories 1.8% and agricultural implement concerns 2%. Manufacturers of building materials and of fur niture also took on more workers,
Seasonal Layoffs.
Balancing these gains there were

seasonal layoffs in the boot and shoe factories and the men's clothing in dustry. Job printing shops reduced their forces 2.6% and the meat packing industry laid off 5.6% of its work

improved by the heavy snows, which brought a demand for men to clear city streets and railroad tracks. As a esult the number of applicants for each 100 jobs offered by the free em-ployment agencies fell from 170 in February to 143 in March. In March, 1925, 161 applied for each 100 jobs, in March, 1924, 157. In March, 1923, the number of jobs slightly exceeded

March brought only a negligible in-

OLD GUARD WILL SPEND MILLIONS

WASHINGTON, April 20-Defeat of

Senator McKinley of Illinois by Frank Smith, in the republican senatorial pri-

nary in that state, is hailed in Wash

ngton as a severe blow to the prestige of President Coolidge. Altho it is recognized that Smith is a gang poli-tician, not easily distinguished from

McKinley or Deneen except in his rsonal following, the fact remains

hat McKinley was the servile up-

older of administration policies

while Smith had the support of ele-ments opposed to the league of na-tions and the world court.

McKinley voted for the Esch-Cur

ains transportation act. He voted for

Newberry. He voted against investi-gation of corruption in the cabinet.

gation of corruption in the cabinet. He voted for the world court. He

was at all times anti-labor and pro-Coolidge and pro-Mellon. His last act

efore the primary was to pair his vote against Brookhart, as desired by

the administration.

This defeat of McKinley is taken as

a sign that the country is going to claughter the Coolidge senators who

ome up for renomination this sum mer. First, they predict the defeat of Cummins in Iowa by Brookhart. Next

they foresee the disappearance of Pep

per of Pennsylvania, despite the fact that the Mellon-Grundy interests are

reputed to have pledged a million dol-

tenants are preparing to claim that his

ight to retire them.

Coolidge Fears Defeat of Ardent Backers

Berle, Jr., counsel for an associa-tion of 3,500 natives of the Virgin Islands residing in New York, was the chief witness before the senate committee on territories and insular pos ession when the Virgin Islands civi overnment bill was taken up.

Berle recited the list of federal in vestigations of conditions in the islands since 1917, showing that senaors, congresmen and experts from the reasury, labor and other departments reasury, labor and other departments had studied and reported on the sit-uation. He showed that the present autocratic government thru a naval officer is costing the federal govrenment \$1,500 a day; that the lega status of the people is one of no citi zenship, and that business and social reasons urge immediate creation of esponsible civil government and rant of American citizenship.

Senator King of Utah declared the present condition to be one of "slav-ery," and reminded the committee that no country can remain half slave and half free., He expressed his in dignation at the willingness of sens He expressed his in tors to tolerate so un-American a situation for another day.

Senators Bayard of Delaware and Bingham of Connecticut indicated their hostility to giving American citizenship to the islanders, when Berle declared that the United States was norally bound to take that action by oledges made the Danish government the wet vote, while some of his lieuluring negotiations of the purchase of

Confidence of Foreign Concerns in Russian **Industry Increases**

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., (Tass) April 14-The growing confidence of foreign firms in the state trading institution n were barred from the inquest into firms in the state trading institution deaths following the recent Herrin of Soviet Russia and in the possibility shooting and no names will be given the same and in the possibilities of the Russian market are indicated by the contracts just concluded by the state trading department of were klansmen. They were buried yesterday while troops patrolled the streets. Four pastors officiated.

The preachers in their sermons over

By these contracts, the firms mentioned undertake to deliver the good venge. But the fanatical gestures of destination in Russia. The payment of the goods is to be made in installed with the defeat the klan is meetments, the first, 50 per cent of the ing thruout the country. The klan chief, Smith, in front of whose garage the shooting began, has closed up his cent of the value is to be made during business and left for parts unknown. the next 6 months and the final payment is to be made at the end of 18 months. The firms agree to take back Royal Honors in Spain themselves meeting the cost of transportation.

Contracts on these terms for the supply of agricultural machines have been concluded with the German firms ony as if he were a royal dignitary. of Henreich Lentz, Rudolph Sack Fleiter Hassen, Krupps and the Hei company, amounting altogether to 10,780,000 roubles. In addition to the ican to the castle. There Primo de Rivera, dictator of the country, greeted him. The American politician seemed quite at home beside the butcher of the Spanish workers and the royal paragraphs. the royal parasite who occupies the st*uments, dyes, etc., amounting throne.

CHARGED TO HEAD OF INDIAN BUREAU

Declare Natives Starving Thru Mismanagement

WASHINGTON, April 20 -Charges of gross injustice and incompetence York state, according to the report of the state industrial commissioner. He points out that the first quarter of 1926 ended without the heightened accommissioner Chas. H. Burke, made eciation, Inc., have been formally epeated since Burke went before the ouse committee on Indian affairs and attacked the association without de nying its charges in detail.

John Collier, secretary of the as-ociation has issued a statement de laring that since 1921 the Pima Inindustries making consumer goods. Decreases are especially noted in the futuiture, piane and clothing indusrate of 59 per year in comparison with the white death rate of 12 per year, and that these Indians have significant comment on the situation in the metal industries that lowered died from slow starvation and heart break because of the complete loss of earnings may be the forerunner of coming reductions in working forces. their water for irrigation. This loss is credited to the negligence of Burke's ureau ,and to deliberate delays by he bureau and by Secretary Work in A reduction of 236,887 tons during March in the unfilled orders on the books of the United States Steel cor utting water on their land as authored two years ago by congress.

Favored Oll Companies. Collier also challenges Burke's deial of having endorsed a bill deselvng the Indians, on executive order eservations, of 374% of their oil evenue while exempting oil comanies from production taxes. ame bill asserts the title of the gov-

ernment to these executive order reservations, which have for many years been held by the tribes. Charges that Burke's bureau is perecuting the retention of their ancient religious beliefs by the Indians, that the bureau is afraid of the light and is suppressing the truth concerning Indian health conditions, and that In-dians-are deprived of civil rights and held in involuntary servitude, are re-peated by Collier. He demnads that Burke bring proof to meet the proof the association has furnished.

Home Industry Still Prevalent in Thickly Settled Eastern Lands

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, April 20 — Modern adustry, characterized by factory nass production, has, according to the For Eastern division of the Department of Commerce, scarcely affected the "cottage industry," wherein production is centered in homes of thickly populated countries like China, Japan and India, or of such isolated areas

as Afghanistan, Nepal, Rhutan and Tibet where modern transportation nethods are unknown How the "cottage industry" is flour-ishing and forms a salient part of the conomic structure of these countries

interestingly described. "In spite of the industrial develop ment during recent years in and about Calcutta, there are still tens of thou sands of workers engaged in cottage industries or in manufacturing carried on in the homes of the natives or in small backyard workshops. Methods employed are often very primitive, but many articles of a fine quality are produced and large quantities of goods thus manufactured are assembled and exported from Calcutta. Cotton weaving is perhaps the most important of home industries employing in Calcutta alone some 23,000 workers.

Agriculture on Pre-War Level on Northern Dv

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., -(Tass)-April 20 — At the Northern Dvinsk provincial congress of Soviets, it was reported that agriculture in that prov-

labor record in congress has been good. Vare is as stolidly anti-labor as Pepper is alertly hostile to labor, while Pinchot has the indorsement of the coal miners. In any case, Pepper One of the members of the One of the members of the Presi ppears certain to lose. Then there dium of the congress was a peasant s Lenroot in Wisconsin, Butler in woman from the remote village of Massachusetts and Shortridge in Cal-Mundor. In an interview with a pressfornia. Each of these Coolidge forman this woman peasant stated that owers is counted as a sure loser this not long ago her husband would not rear, since the test was made in IIII-nois. The republican senators who op-nosed the world court will join in the his peasant cart to this congress, a distance of 270 versts.

100

San Francisco and Bay Cities

ANITA C. WHITNEY and other active workers, some of whom have "paid the price." will meet again at the

FIFTH ANNUAL PICNIC

Sunday, April 25, 1926

EAST SHORE PARK, Near Richmond.

REFRESHMENTS — DANCING — SPEAKING — GAMES

Admission 35 Cents.

Auspices, Workers (Communist) Party, District No. 13.

Workers (Communist) Party

of the United States also. . . . The

the multi-millionaires of New York

American Illiteracy.

the American natives than to the for-

Segregation of Negro.

country if, instead of segregating and

discriminating against the Negro, you

would devote yourself to bringing about equality for the Negro."

Declaration of Independence.

"May I also, at this point, ask a

ument to the masses! I believe that

the proposed debate, which should be

country—and in which the central ex-ecutive committee of the Workers (Communist) Party is prepared to pre-

sent the affirmative-will be most in-

structive to the people of the country.

Regard for Constitution.

"Before closing I wish to remark that the lawmakers of this country

Maryland stated in the United States

senate yesterday that 'the opulent por-tion of the American population is

going to have its wine, constitution of

no constitution, statute or no statute. Evidently the constitution is another

scrap of paper, for which you intend to force particularly the foreigner to have respect. You might begin with

those who are loudest in their protes tation of upholding it!

"In making this offer for a debate

wish to say that the Workers (Communist) Party insists on having as the

or country, and has no intention of

I trust, therefore, that you will not

"Trusting to hear from you soon

"Very truly yours,

"District Secretary."

fail to select a man of this standing.

American oil and steel magnates

CLEVELAND WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY CHALLENGES "PATRIOT" SOCIETY TO A PUBLIC DEBATE

CLEVELAND, April 20-After receiving a communication from the chamber of commerce of Cleveland that it is busy in "constructive work" and has no time for a debate on the Declaration of Independence, and having ceived no reply from the American Legion, the executive committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, District Six, sent the following letter to Mr. Jacob Cash (suggestive name) of the United States Patriotic Society of

'Jacob Cash New York City.

"Your pamphlet 'Whither America' and a copy of your paper 'The Patriot' came into my hands this morning and therefore I am constrained to write you asking you the same question that was put to the chamber of commerce and the American Legion of this city

Challenges "Patriot" Society. 'Whither America,' you do not answer a single argument put forth by 'Are you prepared to name a repre sentative of your organization to take the negative in a debate on a question Trotzky. That may be your manner of educating the poor foreigner, who is not conversant with the constitution that certainly will interest a mass of workers of this city and country—both American and foreign-born workers? of this 'most wonderful country,' but

who IS thoroly familiar with the facts of life in this country in the steel "The Workers (Communist) Party es that you name a prominent mills, slaughter houses, in the mines, textile mills, etc. It may also interest -preferably yourself or some wellknown New Yorker—to defend the negative on the question:
"'Resolved, that the Declaration of you to know that there are more than 3,000,000 illiterate native-born Americans in this country, who also prob-

Independence justifies the propagation ably are not familiar with the consti-tution. It would be well, therefore, that you look more to the welfare of

revolution in this country.'
'You will agree that large numbers copie are particularly interested in document owing to this year being the 150th anniversary of its sign-I believe that, judging from the riot' and 'Whither America,' you will gladly argue the negative on the

"It might also be of service to the American people as a whole if more attention and more financial support release let me hear from you. I wish to state in advance that the central executive committee of the Workers (Communist) Party will send one of its members to present the advance to a black child is apportioned to a black child. one of its members to present the af-firmative in the debate. All questions as to time and place of holding the depreferably in a large hall in this—time to be allotted the speak-etc.—can be settled at a confer-

Correct Misstatements.

pertinent question? Why is it that your organization does not mention While writing you, however, I feel elled to correct a few errors in the Declaration of Indepence? I know ements and a few in logic, as constrated in your publication. The nbership of the Workers (Commuthat during the world war the agents of the government prevented the reading of that document in public. Cernist) Party does not yet number 208,-534, as you assert, supposedly quoting tainly the Declaration of Independence is supposed to incorporate more the from a report of the party. It is true we have a vast number of sympathiz-ers and our press is widely read, and spirit on which the United States gov-erament is founded than any other document. Why not explain that docsuch inane attacks as your organizaion and similar associations make will only help to increase the influence of our party. What Com. Leon Trotzky duplicated in all large centers of the d is true: 'American capi-ism is laying the foundation for wars and revolutionary which in their frightful rebound will

Let every worker know you are with us on

MAY FIRST

Greetings

Trade unions, workers' benefit societies and other working class organizations will rally with greetings to The Daily Worker on May Day in special ads. Get your organization to take some space in The Daily Worker.
All ads at the rate of

\$1.00 An Inch

Individuals can join the big parade, and names of workers sending greetings will be printed at

25 Cents a Name

JOIN THE BIG PARADE!

Sign the Honor Roll!



The DAILY WORKER 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Enclosed \$ put the follownames in the May Day Issue.

MANY CITIES WILL HOLD MAY DAY MEETINGS

Many Unions Declare a Holiday

May Day meetings are being aringed in all parts of the country. Chicago and San Francisco are per-forming—the unconsciously—their pre-destined revolutionary function.' Thousands of workers are preparing to celebrate International Labor Day. A number of unions have declared this "Unfortunately in your diatribe a holiday and on that day their mem-bers instead of going into the shops against the Workers (Communist)
Party and the revolutionary movement will go into halls and celebrate this holiday. of this country, as manifested in

This May Day takes on especial significance when one sees the preparation that is being made by the bosses for an attack on the wages of th workers. The bosses are preparing for a drive to slash wages, lengther hours and break the unions the work ers have formed after years of sacrifices. This May Day will voice the protests of these workers.

A number of meetings that have

een arranged since those published in yesterday's DAILY WORKER fol-

April 30. Baltimore, Md., at 7 p. m., at the Con-ervatory Hall, 1029 E. Baltimore St., untenberg, Dunne and Tallentire. May 1.

Philadelphia, Pa., at 7 p. m., at Moose tall, Broad and Master Sts., Ruthenberg, Junne and Tallentire. Portland, Ore., 8 p. m., Workers Party tall, 227/2 Yamhill St., A. Fislerman. May 2.

Seattle, Wash., Peoples Park, Rento unction, A. Fislerman, Wm. Bouck resident of Western Progressive Farm rs. Trenton, N. J., 1:30 p. m., Palace Hall 79 S. Broad St., Dunne and Tallentire. Chester, Pa., 8 p. m., Tallentire. Washington, D. C., 8 p. m., The Play-ouse, 1814 N St. N. W., Dunne. May 3.

Westchester, Pa., 8 p. m., Hartnes Iall, 26 West Gay St., Tallentire. May 4.

Wilmington, Del., 8 p. m., Tallentire

Brockton Arranges Its May Day Meeting

BROCKTON, Mass., April 20-The Workers (Communist) Party in conjunction with Italian, Jewish and Lith uanian societies will hold a May Day celebration and mass meeting, Sun-tay, May 2nd at 7 o'clock in the evening at Lithuanian National Hall in Montello. Ben Gitlow of New York is o be the main speaker. There will be speakers in Italian and Lithuan-

Among the features on the program is the well-known Lithuanian Nationa Chorus. There will be violin and piano solos and a one act play presented by the Young Pioneers. are not particularly awe-stricken by the constitution. I noticed in the morning papers that Senator Bruce of

If you send a sub you will build The DAILY WORKER, and The DAILY WORKER will help to build the movement. Get the point?

Русская Вечеринка

The Russian Singing Society of the Workers' House is giving a Vecherin- plan for taking advantage of these opmunist) Party insists on having as the defender of the negative a man of recognized standing in the community Division St.

24, at the Workers' House, 1902 W. Division St.

Division St.

Division St.

The society has been organized only a few months ago, but here because of the conference as follows: raising the prestige of some shyster a few months ago, but has already ... Turn Over to Athletic Union. many labor affairs including the Paris gram worked out by the conference

Commune celebration.

It is expected that all who heard teur Athletic Union. This particular the singing of this society will come organization is recommended because to the Vecherinka and help make it in the planning and promotion it a success. Beginning at 8 p. m. Ad- would have available the resources of mission only 35 cents.

copy of this been sent to of The Daily many others. If you don't week-SEND Or ask your Daily Worker

HELP!

20,000

24-page booklet has

Worker and

get one this

FOR IT!

agent for a copy.

HELP!

Give Us a Hand!

The big campaign is on at present and all the work has our office force just swamped. If you want to volunteer your services (to fold circulars, enclosures, stamp envelopes, etc.) come around and you'll be more welcome than a raise in wages. We are going to build The Daily Worker to twice its size. Come around and help us do it!

Los Angeles Labor Plans to Hold May Day Mass Meeting

(Special to The Cally Worker)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 20.—The joint May day committee, representing ten labor organizations, is arranging a big May day mass meeting on Saturday afternoon, May 1, at 3 october. 'clock.

o'clock.

Speakers in Russian, English, Jewish, Japanese, Chinese and Spanish
have been obtained for the occasion.

To add to the international color, the
Freiheit Singing Society, the Hungarian chorus and the Lithuanian String Orchestra will furnish the nusical program.

Tom Lewis will be the main speal Tom Lewis will be the main speak-er. All labor organizations have been asked to urge their members to stop work on May day, and celebrate this event by coming to the mass meeting in the afternoon.

The net proceeds will be given 50 per cent for California political prisoners, and 50 per cent for the Passaic the river in what was previously

Russian Fraction to Meet Wednesday at Workers' House

(Communist) Party of Chicago will meet Wednesday, April 21, at the Workers' House, 1962 W. Division St. Important questions will come up for discussion. Meeting tegins at 8 p.m.

Minor-Schnabel Debate on Sunday Afternoon

WAUKEGAN, Ill., April 20-The Minor-Schnabel debate will take place Sunday, April 25 at 2 p. m. in the Workers' Hall, 517 Helmholtz Av. The subject will be "Resolved, That the Workers (Communist) Party has the correct program for the emnacipation of the working class in America."

The affirmative is taken by Rober Minor, member of the Central Execu- a politician of note and a man

the super-soldier, because he is the

entimes lashed to its highest pitch

during contests between American and foreign athletes. The man-power

conference took stock of these facts

in its reliance on the sports movemen

training of the youth.

of the country to spread the military

Lay Definite Plans.

satisfied with merely discussing the opportunities of exploiting sports for

purposes of military training. It worked out a comprehensive and practical

an influential group of organizations

working for the physical improvement

When it is considered that the Na-

ional Amateur Athletic Union exerises control over nearly every vestige of amateur sports in this country, that

it numbers a membership of over 2,000,000 then we can see that the ac-

tion of the man-power conference was not merely a gesture. By working out

a program for militarizing the sports

ectivities of the American youth and

turning it over to the National Athletic Association Union for execution, the capitalist war mongers are able

o reach and train large masses of the

working youth and prepare them for

The working class must take action

gianst this dangerous situation. The

routh must be won from capitalist militarism, for working class mili-

tancy and struggle. The efforts of the ruling class to mislead, miseducate

and militarize the working youth thru

ports must be counteracted by the de-

velopment of a mass proletarian sports movement in this country.

Steps have already been taken in this

worker, and particularly every class

clous worker-athlete must give his

They must be increased a

Need Workers' Sports.

new imperialist slaghter.

of the youth."

within its own membership, and could will be made.

Of course the conference was not

Workers Sports

Every speech made at the Washington man-power conference was sig-ficant in that it showed how the capitalists use their control of the sports

super-athelete. National spirit is of utmost support to the efforts being

CAPTIALIST SPORTS—ADJUNCT

NEGROES MUST CARRY PASSES

Workers Demand Repeal of Dastardly Ordinance

DAYTONA BEACH, Fla., April 20-Negro citizens of Daytona Beach are circulating petitions to be submitted to members of the city commission to revoke the ordinance which demands that all Negroes must carry passes if they wish to go about after dark.

Persecute Negro Workers.

The following is taken from the

petition which shows the extent to which they are inconvenienced and persecuted because of this dastardly

the river in what was previously known as Daytona Beach, prohibiting the free movement of colored citizens after nightfall. By the provision this ordinance no colored person from this side of the river can go across the bridge to Daytona Beach, and no this side of the river can go across the bridge to Daytona Beach, and no one on the other side can come to this side without a pass issued by the bridge-keeper.

In America we have many obstacles and gigantic difficulties. There is little tradition behind the working class movement. We have only one-tenth movement. bridge-keeper.
Fear Arrest.

The men and women working on the other side are wholly deprived of pleasure and recreation by this underscan and unheard-of regulation.

Their churches, their lodges, their so-cial cutters are supported as a social and package-party on April 24th, 1926, at 62 Chambers St., Boston, Mass., at 7:30 p. m. Come and bring your friends. A good time is assured to all. pleasure and recreation by this unAmerican and unheard-of regulation.
Their churches, their lodges, their social outlets are all on this side. They
cannot come to them without either
the humiliation of getting a pass or
the fear of arrest if they fail to do

company these problems. the fear of arrest if they fail to do

Non-Citizen Prominent Politician. BATON ROUGE, La., April 20-J. K. Roumain who has served on juries tive Committee of the Workers (Com-munist) Party while the negative is and state elections, after a lapse of taken by Albert Schnabel of the so- 36 years took out his final naturaliza

made to build a nation-wide organiza-tion for proletarian physical culture

Detroit Young Workers

Plan to Hold a Hike

DETROIT, Mich., April 20.-The

need have no fears of going hungry,

and bring a friend!

on Sunday Morning

and atheltics.

American Delegate Speech at Y. C. I. Session

(Note: In a recent issue of the D. W. we devoted an article to a summary of the various speches on the Political Report at the Y. C. I. Plenum. Because of its bervity it did not give an exact picture of the speeches of the Various delegates. We are of the opinion that a longer summary of the speeches of our American delegates is necessary and we are herewith printing a summary of the speech of Compade Williamson.)

COMRADES: The Comintern Plen-Um correctly characterized the sit-uation of America in the present pe-

was moving to the right in America. However in relation to the millions of young workers in America, it is difficult to say that they are drifting either to the right or left. As yet they are politically dormant, passive and unawakened.

Fear Arrest.

"Further than this, colored people employed in families and hotels on the other side have been arrested and fined for being on the extracted and fined for being on the extracted and is not homogeneous." the other side have been arrested and is not homogeneous, because of the fined for being on the street at night. 25 to 30 nationalities, each with their

overcome these problems.

Comrade Vuyowich dealt with the

increased activity of the bourgeois orgreat majority of those that are or-ganized at all, are in bourgeois organizations—all of those opponent organ-izations. There are over a million in the Y. M. C. A.; six hundred thousand in the Boy Scouts and so on thru the list. With the exception of the Y. M. C. A. none of these have as yet entered the industrial field and in the case statistics on hand, but in 1920 in six industries alone the Y. M. C. A. had 190 paid secretaries in the control of the "Y" it is to push forward a 190 paid secretaries, in the coal, lumber, cotton, metal, steel and shipbuilding industries. The "Y" has also 140 colored sections with 30,000 members. The trade unions have paid, as yet, attention to the youth, OF THE MILITARIST MACHINE

Such a general situation demands the broadest possible policy for the Y. W. L. If the German League finds difficulties with a situation manifold better imagine what is necessary in America. Three years ago, as a reaction to the social character of the activities of the youth to permeate them with jingoism.

Pride in America's international athletic superiority is developed into pride in America's military might. The legend is fostered that the Yankee is old Socialist Youth, we swing to the extreme of cutting off all connections with the broader forms of activities with cultural activities, etc. Today w find a large yearly turnover in our membership. I think I am safe in saying that 40 per cent of those who en-ter our League leave within the first six months. We must search for the reasons. The following two general reasons contribute:

1. The American League has be come a youth section of the party, duplicating its activities, with little youth activities. In fact, 70 per cent Young Workers (Communist) League of Detroit is planning their second hike of the season for Sunday April to the inner factional situation.

25, at 10 a. m. All hikers will meet 2. There were little activities of in-

at the west end of the crosstown the treest to the average young worker. The inner life is barren. Only discussions of lengths registration of the cross of lengths registration of lengths. in a body to River Rouge Park.

The committee in charge has prothe leading comrades and in addition conclusions are similar to Con-

the evening, and considering the last league hike and remembering the rade Blenkle. We must broaden our famous mulligan stew, the comrades activities to include sports and cultural activities. This must not mean Many games and surprises have a swing to the other extreme and a been prepared and a unique program is in store. In the evening a bonfire

No matter what your ailment, for Expert Diagnosis and Quick Result

secure effective co-operation from the large number of other organizations sympathizers of Detroit are urged to remember the date and be there.

There will be a charge of 50 cents

2447 Lorain Ave., Cor. W. 25th St. to cover the cost of the food. Come and bring a friend! Special Rates for Daily Worker Readers

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neglect of basic activities. It is a rounding out of our activities. The key problem of approach in America is thru (1) economic-trade union activ-ties, including unionization, youth conferences, T. U. conferences, everyday activity, etc.; (2) building a work ers' movement, and (3) correct and broad application of united front tac-Much has been said about the press

of the various Leagues. It is obvious that they have little influence. In riod of relative stabilization. It was that they have little inducation pointed out that the labor movement two and one-half times the size of our two and one-half times the size of our membership.

The American delegation is emphatCa

The American delegation is emphatic regarding the establishment of a Pan-American Bureau. It is only necessary to look at the importance the C. I. places on Latin America.

The American delegation is in agreement, with the report and resolution.

of Comrade Vujo and also the decisions of the Comintern.

BOSTON SHOP GROUPS AFFAIR. Nuclei No. 5 and No. 8 of the Young Workers League of Boston, are giving

LOS ANGELES' HUGE OUTING. The Young Workers League of Los Angeles is arranging a huge outing to Arroyo Seco Canyon on the second of May, Sunday. Trucks leave 8:30 a. M., Brooklyn and Mott, and 6th and ganizations to organize the youth. Los Angeles streets. Tickets 50 cents, Where are the youth in America? The bration.

M. FRUNZE PIONEERS OF NEWARK AFFAIR

NEWARK, N. J .- The Young Ploeers here have arranged an affair for take place at the Workmen's Circle Institute, 71 Montgomery street, New-ark. There will be singing, dancing,

Here in Markham the Y. W. L. was rganized nine months ago. We have social and educational meetings. Our League is still small for such a large community having only 11 members. We are preparing for a May Day cele bration meeting.

If you want the May issue of the AMERICAN WORKER CORRE-SPONDENT don't hold up the works any longer—mail that sub at once. Fifty cents a year for you. If you have it 50 cent more for a donation

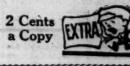
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. for a bundle copies of the May Day Special.

(City)

DAILY WORKER THEIR PAPER SAY STRIKERS

Cabranette Workers Holding Firm

"Here comes our paper," was the cry of the two-score striking cabinet workers as The DAILY WORKER corworkers as The DAILY WORKER cor-respondent hove in sight with a bundle of yesterday's issue of "The Daily" containing the write-up on their strike. The men eagerly snatched the papers and read the article hungrily. "That's the stuff." "That's true." "That's handing it to them," "Good stuff," were some of the exclamations as the men read their own words, their own complaints, their own point of view put into print.

This is the sixth day of the strike at the Cabranette plant which makes kitchen utenells. All of the men who went out are staying out. More than

went out are staying out. More than that they are faithfully coming out and doing their turn on the picket

The "Czar."

The strikers are particularly deter-mined not to slink back to face the tender mercies of the manager, one Berger, who is nicknamed "The Czar" because of his dictatorial method of dealing with the men. "Get out this work or I'll fire you," is his favorite

work or I'll fire you," is his favorite method of speeding up the men.
George Seeger and "Bill" Johnson, both hirelings of Berger, who, by the way, is a cousin of Franks, the president of Cabranettes, also do their bit towards making the shop a slave joint. Both of these gentlemen are overfond of drinking and it is not an uncommon thing for them to stagger around the shop bawling drunken orders at the men. On Saturday Seeger came out of the factory while drunk and out of the factory while drunk and attempted to persuade the men to go back to work. The strikers merely laughed at him.

Employment Sharks.

The Cabranette Corporation, it is learned, is in league with several down town employment agencies, to procure men from them regularly in order to cheat them out of the em-ployment fee which they pay. It is worked like this: The worker ap-plies for a job and planks down \$10 fee the privilege of setting a tob. The for the privilege of getting a job. The employment agency sends the men to the Cabranette Corporation which employs them for one week aand then gives them "the air." The \$10 is then split fifty-fifty. One of the strikers actually saw the employment agency turning over some of the money to

"Sanitation."

Sanitary conditions at the Cabra Santary conditions at the Cabra-nette factory are very bad. The floors are covered with water, or rather, mud. The smell from the toilets is all over the shop. The boss is too cheap to hire some one to clean them up. Oil drips from the pans which are suspended over the machines. In winter, the shop is very cold and in summer the men are not permitted to

Wages at Low Level.

the latter refused. Thereupon Smith left without permission. The next morning when he came to work he was handed his check and told he was thru. The men then got together and walked out with Smith. The strikers are determined that they will force the cast to backwater on this matter. the czar to backwater on this matter. They will not return unless Smith is also taken back.

Also taken back.

Few Scabs.

Whaterer work the Cabranette Corporation is now turning out—and there is very dittle of it because the few scabs that the company has pleked up do not know how to do the work—is being trucked away by the work—is being trucked away by the Grady teaming company, the drivers of which belong to Local No. 705 of the Chicago Teamsters' Union. The strikers are going to bring this mat-ter before the officials of the team-sters' union. They are determined to put up a stiff fight to the finish.

TO WORKER CORRESPONDENTS When you send in news be brief. Tell what, who, when, where why! 250 words but not more than

Always use double-space, ink or typewriter, and write on one side of

the paper only.
Tell a complete story in as few words as possible. You are NEWS correspondents—don't philosophize.

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DO IT THIS WAY:

Make your story brief. Write on one side of the paper only. Give facts. Give your name and address. Write about the job.

PROFITS FIRST. IS FORD MOTTO

Bosses Disregard the Safety Rules

(By a Worker Correspondent.) DETROIT, April 20. — A common aying at the Ford Motor company clant is "there are more bosses than vorkers," There are many straw boss-

force" Ford's "golden rules."

Ford has signs stuck up all over the plant with certain rules on them. Tho each placard insists that the rule be obeyed, Ford has an army of stool pigeons to see to it that the rules are not sixen to see the property of the work.

has these signs face the worker thruout the day the worker is only allow-ed to go to the tollet but twice in eight hours.

What is the purpose of all the bul-etins in the plant? He does not allow the workers to obey them because they would spend less time producing for him and would reduce his profits. The purpose of the health and safety signs is to impress on the public that the workers' health and safety is the first consideration of this flivver mag-

Teachers Must Unite to Win Better Conditions

Wages at Low Level.

Not only are the wages at a starvation level, but the bosses cheat the men at every opportunity. When a man comes two minutes late he is docked for 15 minutes' time. If a man quits promptly at five he is also docked, because it is considered that he got ready to leave ahead of time.

The immediate cause of the walkout was the firing of a worker, Jack Smith, last Tuesday. Smith left the shop early that day because a doctor called up and told him that his newly born child had died. Smith pleaded with the foreman to be excused but the latter refused. Thereupon Smith left without permission. The next (By a Teacher Correspondent.)
DETROIT, Mich., April 20.—Conditions in many of the Detroit schools

time later. . ."

SPONDENT? Have you sent in your sub?

every industry is what we look for from you!

spondent receives it for one year.

Conversation Between Two Workers in a Shop

NEW YORK, April 20 .- In one of the largest manufacturing establish-ments where ladies' silk garments are nade I happened to hear the following

want to become a boss you can do that. If you want to remain a worker, the pleasure is all yours. Of course it ying at the Ford Motor company is easy to be a worker. You have no part is "there are more bosses than orkers." There are many straw bosses, than porkers." There are many straw bosses, rent, machinery, wages, etc.—better known here as stool pig.

No worries, no troubles, it's a cinch! I tell you there is nothing to it. But to be a boss, that is different."

An elderly worker replied: "Yes, plant with certain rules on them. Tho cach placard insists that the rule be obeyed. Ford has an army of stool pigeons to see to it that the rules are not taken to heart by the work. I am working since I was a child of twelve. Once I also had an idea that the the workers do not follow the "golden rules" too closely.

This is done because it the work. that the workers do not rollow a boss. But for 43 years I have been "golden rules" too closely.

This is done because if the workers began to follow the health and have not succeeded in doing so. Every penny I made in my youth I had to have rules posted all over the plant, and to my parents. They were very ers began to follow the health and safety rules posted all over the plant, it would take a worker much more time to do a certain job than it does now. It would lessen the profits of the flivver magnate.

One example of the way these rules work out. He has signs put up about obeying the laws of nature. The he has these signs face the worker thru: were always needed at some time to make up for enforced vacations, slack times, etc.

I married. After the first few years ife became much harder. The money was earning was barely sufficient for me and my wife. So in order to be able to exist I had to work overtime. I never could save enough to

"In order to be free the system of bosses has to be destroyed and another system installed in which every one shall have the means to exist, to educate himself and his children. Only then can we have a chance to live like our boss, in comfort and ease. Only then you can talk of possibilities that are within the reach of all workers."

WORKER CORRESPONDENTS,

ATTENTION! orker correspondents of or foreign language press are urged to send in their names and addresses sta-ting for which paper they write. It is

A young wroker was talking. "This is a country of possibilties. If you

even dream of taking a vacation. My dreams are gone, about working myself up. It was a long dream. Hard work and the leading of a half starved existence will destroy quickly

very important
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Fifty cents and the AMERICAN WORKER CORRESPONDENT is yours for one year. Fifty cents more and an unemployed corre-

Your co-operation is needed. Send in your dollar now, while you

How to Write Your May Day Story.

are you doing about it? Have you written your May Day story..

The worker correspondents, the life of our paper, must make a good showing in the May Day issue of The DAILY WORKER. What

will be superfluous, for the editorials in the paper will take care of that. Your industry, your shop, your fellow-workers and what May

Day should mean and can mean to them. That is your job. Don't make your story long. One, two or three paragraphs at the very most. A page or two full of short snappy stories from workers in

Do not write lengthy thesis on the history of May Day. They

SOVIETS

Rykov Shows Need to

Economize

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20.—
Details of drastic cuts in the exportimport plan of the Soviet government for the current fiscal year ending Sept. 30 next, made necessary by disappointments in the internal grain purchasing situation, have been returned by the Russian information but a long slump, is at least temporarily getting back toward normal. They are employing about three-quarters as many workers as last March only half as many as in March industries in the state of the state of

The foreign trade program for the year, fixed last summer at \$1,089,137,000, has been cut to \$723,575,000, a reduction of about out-hird. Under the revised program the turnover for this year will be 12% greater than that of the year 1924-25. the year 1924-25. Exports will be \$370,800,000 and imports \$352,775,000, giving a safe favorable margin. Im siving a safe favorable margin. Im-orts have been cut all along the line ave in the case of industrial machin-ry, where the outlay of \$48,110,000 in the original plan has been increased \$55 290 000

o \$55,290,000.

The original economic plan adopted for the fiscal year contemplated an increase of 49% in industrial production over last year. This has been cut to 39%. Instead of \$500,000,000, as originally planned, \$412,000,000 will be spent on new factories and equipment in the principal industries. ment in the principal industries. In explaining the situation, Rykov

says: "We made a number of miscalcula tions and mistakes in our grain pur-thases. As a result we planned to live on what proved to be beyond our means. Hence it has been necessary to economize, to cut down our program, to make both ends meet, None-the-less, in spite of the sharp reductions, our progress shows an advance that could not be matched by any

other country in Europe.

"There is no coarcity of grain for internal consumption. On the other hand the lack of industrial goods is felt everywhere. This is our most serious embarratement, and it has contributed to asset the agricultural market. The output of our industries increased 63% last year over the previous year, in could not keep up previous year, in could not keep up with the increased purchasing power of the population. Fortunately we have large reserves in unusued plants and equipment. This year these reserves will be full brought to serve the previous of indus-Hereafter the increase of indus trial production must be effected thru new construction and equipment."

Russian Professor Reduces Harmfulness of the Aniline Dyes

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., -(Tass)-April 20-Prof. Voznessenski claims to have discovered a method of reduc-ing the harmfulness of aniline dyes for workers handling these dyes by more than 50 per cent and hopes in the near future to render them almost com pletely harmless. This was explained at a conference of chemists held at the Institute for the Protection of La-

with regard to the conditions of labor in three of the principal textile mills in Moscow, it was discovered that by the present method of employing aniline dyes nearly half of the chem-ical properties of the dye is wasted by evaporating into the air and thus endering the latter harmful to the

Prof. Voznesenski's formula for ani ine dye preparations will reduce the evaporation in the course of the em ployment of the dyes and at the same time will do much to improve the health conditions of textile mills.

Herrin Inquest to Be Secret; Funerals Held

streets. Four pastors officiated.

U. S. Politician Gets

MADRID, April 19.-United States ed him. The American politician seemed quite at home beside the butcher of the Spanish workers and the royal parasite who occupies the throne.

ILLINOIS EMPLOYMENT SPURT IS SLACKENING, MARCH FIGURES SHOW

By LELAND OLDS, Federated Press.

The increase in Illinois factory operations in progress since the opening of the year is spending its force. This is the conclusion of the labor research bureau of the state department of labor based on figures showing an inc of only 1/6 of 1% in factory emloyment between February and March.

The employment situation in Illnois, is, however, considerably better than a year ago. From February to March, 1925, employment fell off about 1%

crease in factory employment in New

York state, according to the report of

the state industrial commissioner. He

points out that the first quarter of 1926 ended without the heightened ac-

tivity which has marked the spring of other years and notes the tendency

in some of the primary industries for production to exceed new orders.

The downward influences wer

found neither in textile nor metal plants, but were scattered thru other

ndustries making consumer goods. Decreases are especially noted in the

Decreases are especially noted in the futuiture, piano and clothing indus-

tries. The commissioner makes the

significant comment on the situation

n the metal industries that lowered

carnings may be the forerunner of coming reductions in working forces.

A reduction of 236,887 tons during March in the unfilled orders on the

books of the United States Steel co poration again raises the question whether the steel barons are not force

ing overproduction until a drastic slump will open the way to further deflation of labor. Unfilled orders have been falling steadily since De-

cember. On March 31 there were orders for 4,379,835 tons, compared with

5.033.364 at the end of the year. March production was pushed to a new high level, the output of 4,491,686 tons ex-

ceeding all previous records. There is practically unanimous agreement among authorities that this rate cannot be maintained.

obile plants in the Syracuse dis-

turers of building materials and of the niture also took on more workers. Seasonal Layoffs. Balancing these gains there were seasonal layoffs in the boot and shoe factories and the men's clothing in dustry. Job printing shops reduced their forces 2.6% and the meat packing industry laid off 5.6% of its work

improved by the heavy snows, which brought a demand for men to clear city streets and railroad tracks. As a result the number of applicants for each 100 jobs offered by the free em-ployment agencies fell from 170 in February to 143 in March. In March 1925, 161 applied for each 100 jobs, in March, 1924, 157. In March, 1924, 157. In March, 1923, the number of jobs slightly exceeded the number of applicants.

March brought only a negligible in

OLD GUARD WILL SPEND MILLIONS

WASHINGTON, April 20-Defeat o

Senator McKinley of Illinois by Frank Smith, in the republican senatorial pri-

nary in that state, is hailed in Wash

ngton as a severe blow to the prestige of President Coolidge. Altho it is recognized that Smith is a gang poli-tician, not easily distinguished from

McKinley or Deneen except in his

personal following, the fact remains that McKinley was the servile up-

holder of administration policies, while Smith had the support of ele-ments opposed to the league of na-

McKinley voted for the Esch-Cum

nins transportation act. He voted for

Newberry. He voted against investi-cation of corruption in the cabinet. He voted for the world court. He

was at all times anti-labor and pro-coolidge and pro-Mellon. His last act

pefore the primary was to pair his vote against Brookhart, as desired by

he administration.

This defeat of McKinley is taken as

a sign that the country is going to slaughter the Coolidge senators who

come up for renomination this sum

ner. First, they predict the defeat of

Cummins in Iowa by Brookhart. Next

they foresee the disappearance of Pep per of Pennsylvania, despite the fac

that the Mellon-Grundy interests are

reputed to have pledged a million dol-lars to renominate Pepper. Boss Vare of Philadelphia boasts that he can get

the wet vote, while some of his lieu-

tenants are preparing to claim that his labor record in congress has been good. Vare is as stolidly anti-labor

as Pepper is alertly hostile to labor

ight to retire them.

ions and the world court.

Coolidge Fears Defeat of Ardent Backers

Berle, Jr., counsel for an association of 3,500 natives of the Virgin Islands residing in New York, was the chief witness before the senate com mittee on territories and insular pos ession when the Virgin Islands civi overnment bill was taken up.

Berle recited the list of federal in vestigations of conditions in the islands since 1917, showing that sena tors, congresmen and experts from the treasury, labor and other departments had studied and reported on the sit He showed that the present utocratic government thru a naval officer is costing the federal govren-ment \$1,500 a day; that the legal status of the people is one of no cit zenship, and that business and social reasons urge immediate creation of esponsible civil government and grant of American citizenship.

Senator King of Utah declared the present condition to be one of "slav-present condition to be one of "slav-ery," and reminded the committee that no country can remain half slave and half free. He expressed his intors to tolerate so un-American a sit-uation for another day.

Senators Bayard of Delaware and Bingham of Connecticut indicated their hostility to giving American cit-izenship to the islanders, when Berle declared that the United States was pledges made the Danish government luring negotiations of the purchase of

Confidence of Foreign Concerns in Russian **Industry Increases**

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., (Tass) April HERRIN, Ill., April 20—Newspaper 14—The growing confidence of foreign the were barred from the inquest into firms in the state trading institutions of Soviet Russia and in the possibility. shooting and no names will be given ties of the Russian market are indicated by the contracts just concluded by the contracts just concluded by the state trading department of were klansmen. They were buried soviet Russia with a number of for yesterday while troops patrolled the eign firms.

By these contracts, the firms mentioned undertake to deliver the good free of freight and insurance to their destricts. Called for revenge. But the fanatical gestures of these klanmen of god in no way coincide with the defeat the klan is meeting through the country. The klanchief, Smith, in front of whose garage the shooting began, has closed up his business and left for parts unknown.

If Colitician Costs By these contracts, the firms men tioned undertake to deliver the good S. Politician Gets
Royal Honors in Spain

months. The firms agree to take back unsold goods at the end of the period, themselves meeting the cost of transportation.

Contracts on these terms for the Ambassador Ogden was presented to the king of Spain with as much cere-been concluded with the German firms mony as if he were a royal dignitary.

Royal coaches, escorted by a full bodyguard, and drawn by six horses resplendently harnessed, bore the American to the castle. There Primo de
Rivera, dictator of the country, greetde him. The American politician.

Swedish, Polish and Norwegian furn.

GROSS INJUSTICE CHARGED TO HEAD OF INDIAN BUREAU

Declare Natives Starving Thru Mismanagement

WASHINGTON, April 20 -Charges of gross injustice and incompetence gainst the head of the Indian Bureau Commissioner Chas. H. Burke, made by the American Indian Defense As ociation, Inc., have been formally repeated since Burke went before the ouse committee on Indian affairs and attacked the association without denying its charges in detail.

John Collier, secretary of the as-ociation has issued a statement de claring that since 1921 the Pima In lians of Arizona have died at the rate of 59 per year in comparison with the white death rate of 12 per year, and that these Indians have died from slow starvation and heartbreak because of the complete loss of their water for irrigation. This loss is credited to the negligence of Burke's ureau and to deliberate delays by he bureau and by Secretary Work in utting water on their land as author ed two years ago by congress.

Favored Oil Companies.

Collier also challenges Burke's deial of having endorsed a bill dessivng the Indians, on executive order eservations, of 374% of their oil evenue while exempting oil companies from production taxes. The same bill asserts the title of the government to these executive order reservations, which have for many ears been held by the tribes.

Charges that Burke's bureau is per ecuting the retention of their ancien religious beliefs by the Indians, that the bureau is afraid of the light and s suppressing the truth concerning lians are deprived of civil rights and held in involuntary servitude, are repeated by Collier. He demnads that Burke bring proof to meet the proof the association has furnished,

Home Industry Still Prevalent in Thickly Settled Eastern Lands

(Special to The Dally Worker) WASHINGTON, April 20 - Modern dustry, characterized by factory mass production, has, according to the Far Eastern division of the Depart-ment of Commerce, scarcely affected he "cottage industry," wherein pro duction is centered in homes of thick-iy populated countries like China, Japan and India, or of such isolated areas as Afghanistan, Nepal, Rhutan and Tibet where modern transportation

methods are unknown.

How the "cottage industry" is flourishing and forms a salient part of the economic structure of these countries is interestingly described.

"In spite of the industrial develop ment during recent years in and about Calcutta, there are still tens of thou sands of workers engaged in cottage industries or in manufacturing carried on in the homes of the natives or in small backyard workshops. Methods employed are often very primitive, but many articles of a fine quality are produced and large quantities of goods thus manufactured are assembled and exported from Calcutta. Cotton weaving is perhaps the most important of home industries employing in Calcutta alone some 23,000 workers

Agriculture on Pre-War Level on Northern Dy

MOSCOW, U S. S. R. - (Tass)-April 20 — At the Northern Dvinsk provincial congress of Soviets, it was reported that agriculture in that provwhile Pinchot has the indorsement of the coal miners. In any case, Pepper

One of the members of the Presi-

ppears certain to lose. Then there dum of the congress was a peasant s Lenroot in Wisconsin, Butler in woman from the remote village of Massachusetts and Shortridge in Cal- Mundor. In an interview with a pressfornia. Each of these Coolidge forman this woman peasant stated that owers is counted as a sure loser this not long ago her husband would not rear, since the test was made in IIIi-nois. The republican senators who op-mosed the world court will join in the his peasant cart to this congress, a distance of 270 versts.

1

San Francisco and Bay Cities

ANITA C. WHITNEY and other active workers, some of whom have "paid the price," will meet again at the

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The Dictatorship in Jersey

"I don't care for the right or wrong in this matter. This man must be kept in jail and away from the strikers."

This was the tribute paid to Albert Weisbord, organizer and leader of the Passaic strikers, by a textile hireling known as Judge Baker. At first this creature had set bail at \$25,000 and when Judge Baker. At first this creature had set bail at \$25,000 and when the bail was forthcoming the chagrined judge refused to accept it. It was in explanation of this act that he blurted out his contempt for all such frail concepts as abstract right and wrong. For the time for all such frail concepts as abstract right and wrong. For the time being he was the personifiaction of the capitalist state as the agent of the capitalist class. His duty to his masters was plain and, tho more intelligent servants might have achieved the same end with more subtlety, this petty judge openly proclaimed the fact that capitalism rules directly thru force, that might alone is right, that he has the power and intends to use it without stint.

Marx, Engels, Lenin and other theoretical leaders of the revolutionary movement have written in detail about the ramifications dent Coolidge with a group of some of the capitalist state power and exposed it as the dictatorship of sort. You will see him photographed not members of the Textile Union, the the ruling class minority imposed by force against the majority of the with preachers, teachers, lawyers, struggle they are making for decent population, but nothing ever written has done more to convince the working class of the nature of the judicial branch of the capitalist state than this arbitrary action of this puppet judge.

The striking textile workers will long remember the fierce exhibition of force and terror used against them by the capitalist state with a group of workers that is a group of workers commonly referred largely upon what action the United and will be far more susceptible to our appeals to them to organize class parties of labor and challenge the government of the capitalist

Ballot Printing Political Boodle

Mr. James T. Igoe, head of the printing concern of that name, is indignant because another printing concern underbid him and sufficiently impressed with their story held, a story will be unfolded that will secured election printing, and has sought an injunction restraining

the election board from paying for the printing.

Mr. Igoe is one of the bright and shining lights of the George Brennan democratic machine and is a candidate on that ticket for and vicinity had been clubbed, attacked ure conform to the highest American congress. For a long time Mr. James T. Igoe was city clerk of Chi. with gas bombs, fire hose, and ridden standards, together with a recognition cago, at the same time operating his printing concern. The law prohibits an official giving work to a concern in which he is interested, but the resourceful Mr. Igoe wanted the spoils to be obtained from the rich printing contracts. So he created another printing concern that existed on paper only, known as the La Salle Printing company, for the purpose of obtaining city printing thru his office in the city hall. The La Salle concern "sub-let" its city printing contracts to the Igoe concern. In addition to that hoax ing class leader, Lenin, will surpass, there was further juggling that would prove exceedingly interesting in both artistic content and numerity, to the Chicago voters who will be asked to send Igoe to congress.

competitor, but we do know the record of Igoe, which places him alongside the other boodle politicians. It is about time the organized labor movement of Chicago enters the political field on its own ticket and gives the "bum's rush" to the two old capitalist parties that, in addition to being the open enemies of labor, reek with corruption.

Henry Ford's "Greater Tomorrow"

A series of articles is appearing in the Hearst publications un der the name of Henry Ford, written by some penny-liner who calls himself Samuel Crowther. These articles, played up in the flamboyant Hearst style, containing nothing but the most banal plati-tudes about service that can be heard at any rotary or kiwanis club, homes. No, this profound admiration are crude attempts to belittle and discredit organized labor and all the class theories of the labor movement and supplant them with Ford's regimental parternalism, whereby workers will be reduced mony of this class, as by a great resmechanically chanting the litanies concerted neet for and gratefulness to for them by Ford's mental prostitutes. That is his vision of a "greater tomorrow."

Such propaganda will be published in increasing volume as of Lenin, he does not abase himself the workers in the great unorganized industries become more restless before individual greatness or stand under the galling slavery they must endure and the Communist drive awed by super-human achievement. to organize the unorganized gains greater momentum and enlists He says rather to himself, "There is to organize the unorganized gains greater momentum and enlists a man who was close to us, who was other elements of the labor movement in united front campaigns real and human in every way. He it against such notorious open shop concerns as the Ford Motor com-

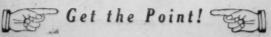
Ford's vision of a "great tomorrow" is doomed to disappear before the realities of the class struggle.



Moscow or Bust

OR A BOOK OF CARTOONS

or maybe all three!



HE DAILY WORKER What American Labor Thinks of the Passaic Mill Strike

issue points out the treatment that istence.
President Coolidge accords preachers, "Whi President Coolidge accords preacters, lawyers and their ilk and how he ignored the Passalc strikers who sought to present their grievances to him. The editorial points out that the the textile industry.

strike. The editorial in the Machinists' Journal follows:

RAPS COOLIDGE.

the pictures published thereing Presichambers of commerce; in fact, with so appeal to trade unionists at least people from all walks of life. Did and to the general public to caus we say 'all'—well, all but one. We them to render these poor people we say 'all'—well, all but one. We have yet to see him photographed every assistance.

Strikers Seek Investigation, "The other day such a group jourtional capital for the purpose of lay-findings to the senate. ing their grievances before congress in the hope that that body would be how 16,000 men, women and children

official organ of the International As-sociation of Machinists, in its April lievable conditions to eke out an ex-

Passaic strikers are not in the Textile
Union, a part of the American Federation of Labor, the organized workers
unust support the strikers and help
them force an investigation into the
grant them an landence, instructing extile industry.

Machinists Aid Strikers.

The attitude of the Machinists' but reluctantly, agreed to go, hoping to receive some sissurance that their william Green provides of the control of the cont of William Green, president of the case would be given the consideration

Would Receive Mill Owners.

ER will print the attitude of many of Past performances prove that he has the larger unions towards the Passaic little use for strikers, but it's dollars to doughnuts that, if a committee of mill owners had called at the White House, not only would they have been received but in all probability they "One can scarcely pick up a news-paper now-a-days without finding in graphed with the chief executive.

"The situation in Passaic could bankers, actors, hikers, movie stars, wages and working conditions should

"The outcome of this strike depends to as 'the horny handed sons (or States senate takes upon a resolution daughters) of toil.'

States senate takes upon a resolution introduced by Senator LaFollette au thorizing the committe to investigate forthwith the conditions in connection neyed from Passaic, N. J., to the na- with this strike, etc., and report its

"We are confident that, if the in vestigaton is ordered and hearings are shock the nation, and perhaps result revolting against inhuman treatment in establishing not only in the mills and starvation wages imposed upon in Passaic, but in the entire industry them by the mill owners of Passaic conditions that will in a larger meas over by mounted police, to order an and preservation of the rights of all investigation so that the truth might concerned."

A Bust of Lenin

we know nothing of the merits of the present case against his been made of the heroes of other classes and societies—Jesus, Napole-on, Lincoln, Caesar and the thousands of other lesser leaders that have been glorified by the present bourgeois and previous regimes. These others are representative of cultures and classes that are dead or dying; Lenin is representative of a culture and a class only recently born and embarked upon a large full life which future generations will make vet fuller.

Nor does superstition or idolarity attach to the appreciation of Lenin's life work, an appreciation that finds expression in part by the presence of whose leadership made the beginning of this hegemony possible. When a worker looks at a bust or a picture was who led the first contingent of the workers' army to victory. He it was who has shown us the way. are convinced he was right. He started the job. We will finish it."

such a spirit too, do the artist of the proletariat form and mold the figure of Lenin. It is their purpose not to glorify him as Christ has been glorified until no one now knows how he looked. They make Lenin as he

There is in this country a sculpto Girolamo Piccoli, whose thots and heart are as much at home in the revolutionary workers' movement as his hands are at home in clay. He is a very young man of twenty-three summers. The severe struggle of his earlier youth drove him, rebellions and sincere, into the ranks of the fighting workers.

As long as he can remember, his o mold clay as much as he hates capitalism. The stagnation, the tinsel, the tawdriness and debasement of he "art" of the bourgeoisie nauseates

and hoped to fashion in clay the livng head and shoulders of the leader f the Russians workers. Never has nyone been so frankly jealous as this oung sculptor was of the English dil-ctant, Clare Sheridan—she made a ust of Lenin from life. And never

as he was when he saw the creation.
"That is not Lenin," is all he said.

But benin was dead. Piccoli care-fully collected all the photographs he workers in the trade. could get of Lenin; Most of them were bad. Light and shade ran together in them as if purposely to hide the subtle confours from the anxious confours from the anxious confours from the anxious confours from the collect.

his armature, causiously he mounted the first rough bulk of clay. Week members who had been discharged on after week he labored in his studio, a pretext of lack of work. The union swearing at the bid pictures, building members replied by a "stay in" strike. slowly, layer by layer, the image. As whereupon the company locked ou Lenin's face grew out of the clay he the entire working force. On Februbecame more cautious still. It was ary 25, the employers' association gave necessary to preserve the very tex- notice that: ture, the very color of Lenin's fine, broad brow, the frankness of his small eyes, the playful, humorous

known. Here was Lenin. Despite the hardships under which Piccoli worked he has re-created the likness, the realtity, the very spirit, of Lenin. We have had busts of Lenin in this country before. Several, at least. Compared not force the Hoe workers to return to Piccoli's they are very bad. Now to their jobs. the revolutionary, workers in America can have in their homes and in their halls a re-production of their

THE position of the left wing in this their halls a re-production of their eader that they can look upon with Worker as follows: the feeling that it is a faithful presenation as he was

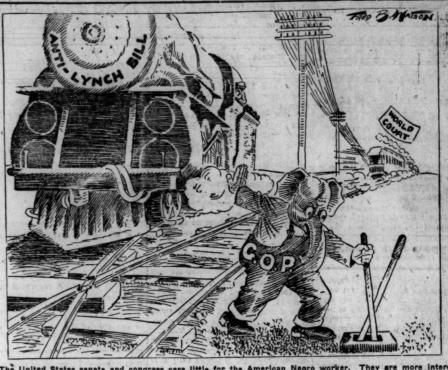
Casts have been made. The DAILY WORKER has seen to that. They are ORKER has seen to that. They are tractive in finish, stand nine inches high and do justice to the original model which has been given by the sculptor and The DAILY WORKER anagement to the Workers' Art Muum of Moscow.

It was a happy that that this bust hould not be sold. As a premium for securing subscriptions for The DAILY WORKER and the English Communist Press, the work of proletarian genius is a fitting reward for prole tarian class effort.

Anti-Fascist Workers Set Free of Charges

NEWARK, N. J., April 20 - (FP)-The cases of 17 Italian workers, who were arrested when fascisti attempted when Lenin died, Piccoli wept. He ad hoped to fashion in clay the liveturned to those involved. Vacirca, New York Italian anti-fascist and la bor paper-was cleared of charges oon after the event several month

SIDETRACK ANTI-LYNCH LAW



The United States senate and congress care little for the American Negro worker. the Morgan policy of getting the United States into the world goart in order to protect the millions of dollars Wall Street bankers have invested in foreign lands. The anti-lynch law which if enforced might protect Negro hardly be worse, altho the strikers are workers from being lynched is laid on the shelf. Its sponsors are not very active in forcing it onto the floor of the law-making bodies. They are merely using the bill as a means of getting the vote and support of the Negro worker in their campaigns for re-election. Negro workers should unite with the white workers to fight against the capitalist system which fosters race prejudice.

The British Workers Prepare for Struggle

By EARL BROWDER.

The following is the second of three articles on the impending industrial crisis in Great Britain written by Earl Browder. The writer is at present abroad and has made a special study of the English crisis

II. The Engineering Crisis. Threatened Lockout in Engineering Trades.

The long-brewing struggle in the en neering industry was brot to a head by an unofficial strike of 900 workers in the R. Hoe & Company printing machinery works, London. The metal workers have for long been suffering wages far below even the British level; long-continued negotiations with the employers, who are highly organ IN years to come, the reproduction has anyone been to intensely angry ized in an engineering employers as of the likeness of the great work as he was when he saw the creation, sociation, had been fruitless. Annar ently no progress was being made to

> ious eyes of the sculptor. He collect- the others are distributed among the ed more. For days and days he six other unions in the trade, present studied them carefully. Lenin's death ed demands for (1) employment of mask would have helped him as no only trade unionists in the works, and photograph could but he could not get (2) a substantial increase in wages No progress was made in negotiations He set to work, Carefully he built but on January 11, the company hired

> "In the event of any action being taken by the unions, or a union, to enforce an advance in wages either curve of the eyebrow.
>
> It was done. None but a few had it would be resisted to the fullest

> > This was followed by the definite an uncement of a national lockout of

"Messages are pouring in from districts all over the country urging a policy of 'no surrender' and a united front of federated and nonfederated unions in the fight for 20

shillings increase in wages.
"The dispute of the Hoe workers must not be made a batty-ground for a national struggle. This must be fought purely on the demand for a 20 shillings increase. Even if the Hoe men returned to work (which we do not advise), this would not prevent the necessity of a struggle

for the wage demand.
"The bosses have come out with a challenge which is part of the longgeneral attack on wages and conditions of the workers of Britain. The challenge must be met by a united front of all the trade nions Attack is the best method of defense. A ballot should be taken with all possible speed on the question of national strike action to secure the 20 shillings. The general council of the Trades Union gress should be immediately approached with a view to securing the support of the whole trade union

But the officials of the engineering nions seemed to be unable to give a lear lead. Almost in a panic it seem-

ers back to the shops without any steps being taken to assure effective action either on a national or local scale to meet the employers' offensive On March 14, they called a meeting of the national committee, composed of representatives from various districts and secured the passing of a resolu-tion calling for "an immediate resumption of work, thus averting a national lockout." The London district com mittee continued to support the strik ers, who refused to go back to work. Finally, on March 17, a joint meeting of the executives of the seven union involved adopted a resolution looking towards some form of action. It said: 'This conference approves of local applications for wage advances being made, and that the joint conference of union executives meet again to consider any situation that may arise from the local applications." The Hoe workers thereupon withdrew their wage demands in favor of general union action, and agreed to return to ists in the shop being settled. When it was announced that the nonunion ists were ready to join the union, the

workers returned on March 21 to their While this incident threw a bright light upon the vacillating character of the dominant leadership, yet on the whole the outcome was good, for the ing whatever to excuse the men at struggle of the 900 Hoe workers had a tremendous effect in stirring the official leaders of the Labor Party at a tremendous effect in stirring the fighting blood of the British unionists, and finally forced the officials into some sort of preparations for strug gle. The crucial issue is now post poned, with the left wing pressing forward stronger than ever for a fight-

Vacillation and Treachery in Leadership.

TN the midst of all these preparations for battle, with the British working masses swinging rapidly to the left, it could not be revolutionary wisdom to ignore the threatening dangers within of it. Like a thief in the night, vacillation and treachery among the official leaders may steal from the British workers the victory which they are preparing to win by their struggle. Signs multiply in these last months hat the right wing is not by any means confined to the Labor Party in its exercise of power, but that it is still a terrible force making towards defeat in the economic struggle, de spite the trouncing given it at Scarrough.

Outstanding of these disqueting igns, which show that all is not well or the workers within the higher councils of the Trade Union Congress, is the recent decision of the general ouncil not to carry out the decision of the Scarborough Congress which in structed them to call a conference for purpose of drawing up proposals for more powers to the general council, including the power to levy on all affiliated members, to call a stoppage f work by any affiliated organization assist a union defending vital trade inion princples, and to arrange with the Co-operative Wholesale Society or distribution of food in time of trike. A left wing worker writing in the Sunday Worker, explains this backward movement of the general ouncil by declaring:

"It is well-known that since the fall of the labor government and the return to the general council of a the T. U. C. has been greatly ham-pered. By various methods these elements have contrived to stop or to slow down some of the work be-

AT the same time, the the Communist Party to the executive of the Labor Party, for a united cutive of the Labor Party, for a united cutive of the Labor Party, for a united cutive in support of (1), Nationalization of the Mines, (2) a Living Wage for the Miners, (3) 100 per cent trade unionism, and (4) Workers Defense against the O. M. S. and fascistl, was curtly turned down in a letter which betrayes not the slightest dea that the labor movement is facing a critical situation which requires ac tion beyond the ordinary routine of parliamentary debate to mo fighting forces of the prking class. There is every indication that the leaders of the Labor Party will be looking for any and every change to negotiate a surrender of the workers. Arthur Henderson, at a time when the Miners' Federation was still consider ing the coal report, made a speech indicating that he would be prepared to help put it into effect, providing wages were not cut too much. Frank Hodges was publicly rebuked by A. J. Cook secretary of the Miners' Federation, in a speech in Rhondda Valley, March 13, for his public pronouncements on the dispute, J. R. Clynes said in a public

(Another article tomorrow)

U. S. Refuses League Invitation to Talk **Over Court Provisos**

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, April 20. - The ference of the league of nations to discuss America's entrance into the world court because the senate specifically provided that American reser vations should become effective only thru direct acceptance by each of the

This was the reasons assigned by Secretary of State Kellogg in his note declining the league's invitation to jeet in Geneva in September to consider the senate reservations.

The text of the note was made pub-

lic today.

Views of Our Readers

The Tribune tries to play the confidence game of "Heads I win; talls you lose."

Editor, The DAILY WORKER:-In a recent issue of The DALLY WORK-ER, J. Louis Engdahl exposed The Tribune as a cheap liar in regards to conditions in Russia. The editor of the Tribune seeing himself caught in a trap tried to get out of it by declaring, "that if there is prosperity in Russia it is due to a return of cap-italism." In other words he tried to play the game of "Heads I win, tails you lose." That is, if Russia would That is, if Russia would suffer from famine and diesase it would declare that it was caused by Communism, and if Russia was properous it would declare it was due to a return to capitalism. In other words if the editor of the Tribune bet on a horse to come in first he would want to win if it came in last. fortunately for the Tribune they don't play those games any more.

The Tribune editor in trying to get out of Mr. Engdahl's trap proved hiself a cheap hypocrite.—A Reader.